AK FAKTORING
ANONIM ŞIRKETİ
JANUARY 01 – DECEMBER 31, 2015
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi The Board of Directors:

Report on financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2015, includes the statements of profit or loss for the period ended on the same date, the statement of income and expense items accounted for under equity, the statement of cash flows, the statement of changes in equity, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Explanation on the Responsibility of Management

Responsibility of The Board of Directors of the Company is creating internal control system and selection and implementation of the appropriate accounting policies in order to prepare the financial statements that are free from material misstatement in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications and Financial Tables of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies and Advice on the Uniform Chart of Accounts and Prospectus for the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies published in the Official Newspaper No. 28861 dated 24 December 2013, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, and other regulations published by BRSA(Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency).

Explanation on the Responsibility of the Audit Company

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We performed our audit in accordance with independent audit standards which TAS published part Of Implementing Regulation on the Authorization and Activities of the Institutions to Perform Independent Auditing in Banks pressed on official gazette on November 01,2006 and numbered 26333. Our audit has been planned and performed to provide reasonable assurance for the financial statements that are free from material misstatements. In Independent auditing: The auditing techniques for collecting audit evidence about the amounts included in the financial statements and explanations and footnotes of the financial statements have been implemented. These techniques have been left to the discretion of the independent auditors to which we employ but the appropriate audit techniques have been determined by considering the effectiveness of the internal controls during the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and by evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies implemented. Our objective, however is not to present an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control system but to establish the relationship between the financial statements prepared by the Company management and the internal control system in order to design the independent audit techniques in accordance with the conditions. Sufficient and appropriate audit evidence has been provided for the establishment of the independent audit opinion mentioned below. (2)

> ULUSLARARAN BAĞIMSIZ DENETIM VE YEMINLI MALI MÜŞAVIRLIK ANONIM ŞIRKETI

Opinion

According to our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi (Company) as at December 31, 2015 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and other regulations, explanations and notes issued by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regarding accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reports arising from other regulatory requirements

- 1) In accordance with the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code, no significant issue has arisen regarding whether the bookkeeping schedule of the Company for the period of 01 January - 31 December 2015 does not conform to the provisions of the TCC and the financial statements of the Company's articles of incorporation.
- 2) In accordance with the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code, the Board of Directors has made the required explanations within the scope of the audit and issued the requested documents.

ARTI DEĞER ULUSLARARASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM ve YMM A.Ş.

Istanbul, February; 09 2016

Süleyman TAF

Partner

ARAHASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE

YEMINLI MALIMÜSAVIRLIK ANONIM SIRKETI

AK FAKTORING ANONİM ŞİRKETİ STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND DECEMBER 31, 2014

			T		TURKISH I	.IRA (TRL)		***************************************
	ASSETS			Audited			Audited	
	MOOL 1 O			Current Period			Prior Period	
		Nietes		ecember 31, 20			cember 31, 2	
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND THE	Notes 6	1.765	FC	Total 1.765	TRL 6.250	FC	Total 6,250
	CENTRAL BANK		1.703	***	1.700			
11.	FAIR VALUE DIFFERENCE REFLECTED TO PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	7		0.00		5.918.370	**	5.918.370
2.1	Financial Assets held for trading		-	-	_	5.918.370		5.918.370
2.2	Fair Value Difference FV Categorized as Profit/Loss Statement		-				-	
2.3	Derivative Marketable Securities in the Trade Book						-	
III. IV.	BANKS RECEIVABLES FROM REVERSE REPURCHASE	8	392.878	2.862	395.740	557.080	**	557.080
17.	AGREEMENTS	3	•					
٧.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE (Net)	10		**		. 50		***
VI.	FACTORING RECEIVABLES (Net)	11	375.565.428	14.746.930	390.312.358	342.359.113	4.194.157	346.553.270
6.1 6.1.1	Factoring Receivables at reduced rate Domestic		311.914.943 329.882.244	-	311.914.943 329.882.244	306.223.961 324.072.562	4.194.157	310.418.118 324.072.562
6.1.2	Overseas		323.002.244		525.002.244	324.012.302	4.237.799	4.237.799
6.1.3	Unearned Income (-)		(17.967.301)		(17.967.301)	(17.848.601)	(43.642)	(17.892.243)
6.2	Other Factoring Receivables (Net)		63.650.485	14.746.930	78.397.415	36.135.152	-	36.135.152
6.2.1	Domestic		63.650.485		63.650.485	36.135.152	-	36.135.152
6.2.2 VII.	Overseas FINANCIAL CREDITS	12	-	14.746.930	14.746.930		_	
7.1	Consumer Loans	12	-					
7.2	Credit Cards					<u></u>		
7.3	Instalment Commercial Credits					-	_	
VIII.	LEASING RECEIVABLES	13		4.0	***	***		an a
8.1.1	Leasing Receivables Financial Leasing Receivables	. :				, . -	_	
8.1.2	Receivables from Operating Leasing							_
8.1.3	Unearned Revenue (-)				· . · ·	_		
8.2	Investments Leased				-		-	
8.3	Advances Given for Lease		4 000 000			4 000 400	-	
IX. X.	OTHER RECEIVABLES NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES	14	1.832.088 5.930.993	. or	1.832.088 5.930.993	1.626.430 3.427.937		1.626.430 3.427.937
10.1	Non-Performing Factoring Receivables	1.5	14.560.403		14.560.403	5.581.339		5.581.339
10.2	Non-Performing Financial Credits		_					
10.3	Non-Performing Leasing Receivables		-	-			-	-
10.4	Special Provision (-)	4.0	(8.629.410)		(8.629.410)	(2.153.402)		(2.153.402)
XI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR HELD FOR CASH FLOW HEDGES	16	80		1 as	***		
.11.1 11.2	Fair Value Hedge Risk Cash Flow Hedge Risk				·			
11.3	Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge							
XII.	INVESTMENT HELD UNTIL MATURITY (Net)	17	av			***		
XIII.	SUBSIDIARIES (Net)	18	977	**		na.		ya
XIV.	AFFILIATES (Net)	19	40			10 to	**	
XV. XVI.	JOINT VENTURES (Net)	20 21	## PO 004		E30 00.4	444.000	**	4.44.000
XVI.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net) INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	22	538.004 46.291	va va	538.004 46.291	144.062 98.715	n= oc	144.062 98.715
17.1	Goodwill	An da			75.251	- Jon -		
17.2	Other		46.291		46.291	98.715		98.715
XVIII.	PREPAID EXPENSES	23	2.220.361		2.220.361	2.940.521	**	2.940.521
IXX. XX.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	24.a 24.b	72 262	**	72.262	22 225		20 225
XXI.	OTHER ASSETS	24.0 25	72.262		72.262	22.335		22.335
	SUBTOTAL	~~	386.600.070	14.749.792	401.349.862	357.100.813	4.194.157	361.294.970
XVII.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	26	a 27	e e	p.p.	***	pe	D.E.
18.1	Sale Purpose							
18.2	Discontinued Operations Related							
	TOTAL ASSETS		386.600.070	14.749.792	401.349.862	357.100.813	4.194.157	361.294.970



AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞİRKETI STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND DECEMBER 31, 2014

L. DERWATTWE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING						TURKISH	LIRA (TRL)		
December 37, 2015 December 37, 2015 December 37, 2016					Audit	ed		Audite	ed
Note		LIABILITIES		Cur	rent I	Period	Pr	or Pe	riod
L. DERWATTWE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING				Decen	nber	31, 2015	Decen	nber 3	1, 2014
II. CREDITS RECEIVED			Notes	TRL	FC	Total	TRL	FC	Tota
III. FACTORING PAYABLES			1	98	***		nk		
N. LEASING PAYABLES 13			i		1	Ī	1	1	1
4.1 Financial Lessing Payables			1	702.259	***	702.259	265.323	1	265.323
A2 Operating Lesse Psyables			13	••		-	09		
A3 Cher				-		-	-		
A4 Deferred Financial Lessing Expenses (-)				-			-	1	
V. SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) 28 60.000.000 60.000.000 54.499.856 54.499.856 54.499.856 56.000.000 60.000.000 54.499.856 54.499.856 56.000.000 60.000.000 60.000.000 54.499.856 54.499.856 54.499.856 56.000.000 60.000.000 60.000.000 54.499.856 54.499.8				-			_		
5.1 Bonds			00						E4 400 055
5.2 Assets Backed Securities 5.4 A99.856 7.5 Securities 7.7 OTHER PAYABLES 7.7 Deposit 7.7 Deposit 7.8 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.1 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.2 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.4 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.5 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.6 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.7 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.8 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.9 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.0 TAXES AND LABILITIES PAYABLE 8.1 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.1 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.2 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.4 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.5 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.6 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.7 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.8 Fair Value Fedge Risk 8.9 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.0 TAXES AND LABILITIES PAYABLE 8.1 Restricting Provision 9.0 Fair Value Fedge Risk 9.0 Fair Value Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fedge Fe			28	1	1		54.499.856	l	34.499.836
5.3 Securities VII. OTHER PAYABLES VII. OTHER LABILITIES 29 1				00.000.000	1	60.000.000	-	1	
VI. OTHER PAYABLES 14 5.559.242 — 5.559.242 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — 284.226 — <td></td> <td>그는 생활물에 가장 하는 이외물이 되었다.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> -</td> <td></td> <td>E4 400 056</td> <td>l</td> <td>E4 400 0E0</td>		그는 생활물에 가장 하는 이외물이 되었다.			-		E4 400 056	l	E4 400 0E0
VII. OTHER LABILITIES 29		TRANSPORT OF THE STATE OF THE S	4.4	E 550 242	-	E EE0.343		1	
7.1 Deposit 7.2 Other Liabilities 7.1 Deposit 7.2 Other Liabilities 7.2 Other Liabilities 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hodge 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hodge 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hodge 8.4 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 8.5 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hodge 8.6 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 8.7 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 8.8 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 8.9 363.941 363.941 203.156 223.156 10.1 Restricting Provision 10.2 Provision for Employee Benefits 10.3 Other Provisions 10.4 DEFERRED INCOME 10.5 PEFERRED INCOME 10.5 PEFERRED INCOME 10.5 PEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES 10.5 Liabilities 10.5 PEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES 10.5 Liabilities 10.5 Liabilit		graph to the first of the first of the second of the secon	1 .	3.339.242	i		204.220		204.220
Other Labilities Cash Flow Hedge Risk St. Flow Hedge Risk		A Professional Control of the Control of Con	29				**.		DA
VIII DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR CASH FLOW HEDGES 8.1 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.4 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 8.5 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 8.6 To		and the selection of the control of		-	1		-		
8.1 Fair Value Hedge Risk 8.2 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 8.2 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 1X. TAXES AND LLABILITIES PAYABLE 10.1 Restricting Provision 10.2 Provisions for Employee Benefits 10.3 Other Provisions 10.3 Other Provisions 10.4 Determined Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 10.4 Determined Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge 10.5 Sale Purpose 10.6 Sale Purpose 10.7 Sale Purpose 10.8 Sale Purpose 10.9 Scarling Provisions 10.1 Determined Operations Related 10.1 Sale Purpose 10.2 Discontinued Operations Related 10.3 Other Provisions 10.4 Determined Operations Related 10.5 Sale Purpose 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Non-Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 10.6 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable		and the first state of the control o	4.0	-	1	ļ	_	_	
8.2 Cash Flow Hedge Risk 3.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge X. TAXES AND LIABILITIES PAYABLE 24.d 596.911			10	- 50					
8.3 Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge IX. TAXES AND LIABILITIES PAYABLE IX. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 30 363.941 363.941 203.156 203.156 10.1 Restricting Provision 10.2 Provisions for Employee Benefits 30.3 Gás.941 363.941 203.156 203.156 10.3 Other Provisions 20.3 Experiment Risk Hedge 21.3 258.297 223.156 203.156					-	-			
IX. TAXES AND LIABILITIES PAYABLE 24.d 596.911 596.911 599.906 559.906 203.506				٠	1				
X. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND EXPENSES 30 363,941 - 363,941 203,156 - 20			24.4	506 011		506 011	550 006		550 OAS
10.1 Restricting Provision		。	1			1	1		
10.2 Provision for Employee Benefits 363.941 - 363.941 203.156 - 2		그는 사람들이 하지만 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면	30	303.541	1	1	203.130		203.130
10.3 Other Provisions 23 258.297 - 258.297 - 258.297 233.873 -				262 0/1			203:156		203 156
XII. DEFERRED INCOME XII. CURRENT PERIOD TAX LIABILITIES 24.a 1.036.137 - 1.036.137 1.536.172 - 1.536.172 XIV. SUBORDINATED LOANS SUBTOTAL XV. SUBORDINATED LOANS SUBTOTAL XV. LIABILITIES 1 24.b				303.341		303.341	200.100		200,100
XII. CURRENT PERIOD TAX LIABILITIES XIII. DEFERED TAX LIABILITIES XIII. DEFERED TAX LIABILITIES XIII. SUBORDINATE LOANS SUBTOTAL XV. LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net) 5.1 Sale Purpose XV. LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net) 5.1 Sale Purpose XV. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY Shareholders' Equity of the Parent Company 16.1 Paid-in Capital 16.2 Capital Reserves 16.2 Other Capital Reserves 16.3 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Non-Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.6 Profit or Loss 19.040.485 19.040.485 19.040.485 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442 16.494.442		and the first term to the state of the control of t	23	258 207		258 297	233 873		233 873
XIII. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED LOANS SUBTOTAL XXV. LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net) 15.1 Sale Purpose 15.2 Discontinued Operations Related XXV. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY 15.1 Paid-in Capital 15.2 Capital Reserves 16.1 Paid-in Capital 16.2.2 Capital Reserves 16.2.1 Share Premium 16.2.2 Profits on Share Cancelation 16.2.3 Other Capital Reserves 16.3 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Non-Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Company 16.5 Statutory Reserves 16.5 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Reserves 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.5 Other Profit Closs 16.6 Other Profit Closs 16.7 Statutory Reserves 16.6 Profit or Loss 16.7 Statutory Reserves 16.6 Profit or Loss 16.6 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6 Net Retained Profit or Loss 16.6 Net Retained Profit or Loss or the Period 16.7 Net Retained Profit or Loss or the Period 16.8 Nares Other Than Parent Company 16.9 Statutory Reserves 16.6 Net Retained Profit or Loss or the Period 16.7 Net Retained Profit or Loss or the Period 16.8 Nares Other Than Parent Company 17. Statutory Reserves 18. Substance Statutory Reserves 19.040.485						1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
XIV. SUBORDINATED LOANS SUBTOTAL 349,440,609 326,896,202 326,896,						7.000.101	1.000.112		1.000.172.
SUBTOTAL		The Milliand Control of the Control	1						_
XV. LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net) 26	7		"	349.440.609	1	349.440.609	326.896.202		326.896.202
15.1 Sale Purpose	ÝV		26	54017101000	i		30		22010001202
15.2 Discontinued Operations Related			-		_	1 4 2			
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY Shareholders' Equity of the Parent Company	15.2						_		***
Shareholders' Equity of the Parent Company			32	51.909.253	1	51,909,253	34.398.768		34.398.768
16.1 Paid-in Capital 32.1 25.500.000 - 25.500.000 8.500.000 - 8.500.0000				4.7544.4.5		1 1 1 4 4 4 5 3 4 4 4 5		***	
16.2. Capital Reserves 32.2 —<	16.1		32.1			The state of the s	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
16.2.1 Share Premium	16.2		1			1 2	_		
16.2.2 Profits on Share Cancelation — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				. : 1		_	N. 1 		
16.2.3 Other Capital Reserves — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	16.2.2	Profits on Share Cancelation	-			_			
Profit or Loss 16.4 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5.1 Legal Reserves 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves 16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves 16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves 16.6.6 Profit or Loss 16.6.1 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6.2 Net Retained Profit or Loss for the Period Shares Other Than Parent Company 16.4 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves 16.6.3 Extraordinary Reserves 16.6.4 Other Profit Reserves 16.6.5 Profit or Loss 16.6.6 Profit or Loss 16.6.7 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6.8 Profit or Loss 16.6.9 Profit or Loss 17.368.768 Profit or Loss 18.705.188 Profit or Loss 18.705.188 Profit or Loss 19.040.485 Prof	16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves				_			
Profit or Loss 16.4 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5 Profit Reserves 16.5.1 Legal Reserves 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves 16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves 16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves 16.6.6 Profit or Loss 16.6.1 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6.2 Net Retained Profit or Loss for the Period Shares Other Than Parent Company 16.4 Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to Profit or Loss 16.5.3 23.4 7.368.768 - 7.368.768 9.404.326 - 9.404.3	16.3			**	_				
Profit or Loss Profit Reserves 32.4 7.368.768 - 7.368.768 9.404.326 - 9.404.326 16.5.1 Legal Reserves 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves 16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves 5.735.217 - 5.73									
Profit or Loss Profit Reserves 32.4 7.368.768 - 7.368.768 9.404.326 - 9.404.326 16.5.1 Legal Reserves 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves 16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves 5.735.217 - 5.73	16.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassifiable to							
16.5.1 Legal Reserves 1.633.551 - 1.633.551 699.138 - 699.138 - 699.138 16.5.2 Statutory Reserves		Profit or Loss							
16.5.2 Statutory Reserves	16.5	- 1.15 [1] \$4 \$4 \$4 \$2.15 \$4 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	32.4			1			
16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves 5.735.217 - 5.735.217 - 5.735.217 8.705.188 - 8.705.188 16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves				1.633.551			699.138		699.138
16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves					-	1			-
16.6 Profit or Loss 19.040.485 - 19.040.485 16.494.442 - 16.494.442 - 16.494.442 - 16.494.442 - 16.494.442 - 16.494.442 -		in a final and Grand and the final and the f		5.735.217		5.735.217	8.705.188		8.705.188
16.6.1 Retained Profit or Loss 16.6.2 Net Retained Profit or Loss for the Period 19.040.485 19.040.485 16.494.442 16.494.442 Shares Other Than Parent Company 32.6				-	- 7	-			
16.6.2 Net Retained Profit or Loss for the Period Shares Other Than Parent Company 32.6 19.040.485 19.040.485 16.494.442 16.494.442				19.040.485	-	19.040.485	16.494.442		16.494.442
Shares Other Than Parent Company 32.6			32.5						
	16.6.2			19.040.485		19.040.485	16.494.442		16.494.442
TOTAL LIABILITIES 401.349.862 401.349.862 361.294.970 361.294.970		Snares Other I han Parent Company	32.6	Web?	**		н я	90	***
		TOTAL LIABILITIES		401.349.862	50	401.349.862	361.294.970	**	361.294.970



AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞIRKETİ STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF DECEMBER 31,2015

					TURKISH	LIRA (TRL)		
				Audited	-		Audited	
	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS			Current Perio	d		Prior Period	I
			De	cember 31, 2	015	De	cember 31, 2	014
			TRL	FC	Total	TRL	FC	Tota
l.	RISK OF FACTORING OPERATIONS ASSUMED		wa	40	99	n a	***	
II.	RISK OF FACTORING OPERATIONS NOT ASSUMED		36.612.454	ua.	36.612.454	30.562.090	62.990	30.625.080
Ш.	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	43.1.a	1.603.111.905	26.833.992	1.629.945.897	948.217.639	22.603.048	970.820.687
IV.	GUARANTEES GIVEN	43.1.b	1.651.632	***	1.651.632	217.792		217.792
Ý.	COMMITMENTS	44	Per	ele			38	, ac
5.1	Irrevocable Commitments							-
5.2	Revocable Commitments			, · –				-
5.2.1	Lease Commitments		-		_			
5.2.1.1	Financial Leasing Commitments						-	-
5.2.1.2	Operating Lease Commitments						_	-
5.2.2	Other			-	· _			-
5.3	Lending Commitments	:	_	-		<u>:</u>		-
5.4	Guarantees Issued in Favor of Customers			-	-	<u> </u>	-	
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		26.5%	=0	6216	3.11	ex.	Val
6.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Cash Flow Hedges							-
6.1.1	Fair Value Hedge Risk Transactions		-		-	•••		
6.1.2	Cash Flow Hedge Risk Transactions					: =	-	-
6.1.3	Foreign Operations Net Investment Risk Hedge Transactions					_		
6.2	Trading Operations		-		-		_	-
6.2.1	Future Trading Transactions				***			
6.2.2	Swap Trading Transactions				,			
6.2.3	Exchange Option Transactions							
6.2.4	Future Trading Transactions				·			
6.2.5	Other		-					
VII.	CUSTODY ASSETS	43.2	351.907.035	47.724.666	399.631.701	333.202.851	27.000.656	360.203.507
	TOTAL STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		1.993.283.026	74.558.658	2.067.841.684	1 312 200 372	49.666.694	1.361.867.066



AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞİRKETİ PROFIT OR LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 31, 2015

Bookenting Income September Septembe			Γ	TURKISH L	
Mode OPERATING RECORE 33 Section Sec		INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS		Audited	Audited
FACORSIN DICORE Interest Receive from Facioting Receivables 33 88.486.16 63.833.61 63.833.	-,		Notes	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
1.51 Interest Received from Exacting Received Section 1.00	I.		33		63.633.587 63.633.587
1.1.2 Order		Interests Received from Factoring Receivables	1	84.912.541	63.000.020
1.2.12 Column C	1.1.2	Other		14.476.122	57.386.217 5.613.803
1.22 Other NCOME FROM FINANCING LOAMS 34 -				1.495.599	633.567
1.3 Interest Recome From Principal Curries		Other			12.264
1.5 Commission Income for Financial Learns	13		34		
11 Financial Leaving Income		Commission Income from Financial Loans			
12 Operational Leading Income	1.1		35	 -	-
II. FINANCING EXPENSES () (35140.50 (2576.10)	1.2	Operational Leasing Income		-	
2 Interest Paid for Loans Used (37.544.19) (28.754.10 1.025.14 1.			36	(47.218.209)	(35.104.600)
2.3 Financial Leasing Expenses (6,100.500 (3.410.79 (3.10.87 (3.1					(29.576.107)
2.50 Other Interest Expenses	2.3	Financial Leasing Expenses		-	
1.0 CROSS PROFIT AM LOSS (HI) 3.16.3679 3.16.3				(6.100.350)	(3.410.791)
N. OPERATING EXPENSES () (6.448.64	2.6	Fees and Commissions Paid			(2.117.702)
Stall Expenses (5.358,477) (4.401.10			37		
A3 Reisarch and Development Expenses (2,4381f9) (1,337.56)	4.1	Staff Expenses		(5.358.427)	(4.401.108)
Canaral Operating Expenses Canaral Operating Expenses Canaral Operating Expenses Canaral Operating (2.438.819) (3.5099) (2.419) (2.4	4.3			(159.552)	(121.690)
Committee Comm	4.4	General Operating Expenses			(1.937.650)
Interest Received from Banks 13 2.62	٧.	GROSS OPERATING PROFIT AND LOSS (I+II)		31.197.034	(24.192) 22.044.347
Interest Received from Reserve Repurchase Agreements			38		2.677.290 2.620
S.3.1 Marketable Securities in the Trade Book	6.2	Interest Received from Reserve Repurchase Agreements	**	-	· -
6.3.2 Financial Asses Ready to Sale				100.982	806.252
10.982 806.25	6.3.2	Fair Value Difference FV Categorized as Profit / Loss Statement		· -	=
Profit from Capital Market Transactions				100.982	806.252
Derivative Financial Instruments Transactions					
Foreign Exchange Gains	6.5.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Transactions		-	
8.9.14 65.52 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.14 8.9.15 8.9.14 8.9.15 8.				7,009,300	1 802 890
VIII. OTHER OPERATING INCOME (-) 40 (6.785.923) (2.379.344 Impairment Losses on Securities -	6.7	Other		88.914	65.528
Fair Value Difference FV Impairment Loss Categorized as Profit / Loss Statement					(1.706.337) (2.379.344)
### ### ##############################					
Impairment Loss of Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Tangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Tangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Saest Held for Sale and Fixed Assets Related to Discontinued Operations Special Assessment Impairment Loss of Other Intangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Other Intangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries and Jointy Controlled Entities Impairment Loss of Subsidiarie	8.1.2	Financial Assets Ready to Sale		=	
Impairment Loss of Tangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Assets E Held for Sale and Fixed Assets Related to Discontinued Operations				_	
Special Assessment Impairment Loss of Other Intangible Fixed Assets Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture	8.2.1	Impairment Loss of Tangible Fixed Assets			=
R.2.5 Impairment Loss of Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Joint Venture		Impairment Loss of Assets Held for Sale and Fixed Assets Related to Discontinued Operations Special Assessment Impairment Loss			
8.3 Loss on Derivative Financial Transactions				=	
NET OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (V++VIII) 23.781.163 20.635.95	8.3	Loss on Derivative Financial Transactions			4.12
X. NET OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (V++VIII) 23.781.163 20.635.95 X. INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGES XI. PROFIT/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION 23.781.163 20.635.95 XIII. INCOME TAX EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±) (4.740.678) (4.141.514 13.1 Current Tax Provisions 24.c (4.790.605) (4.157.701 13.2 Deferred Tax Cost Effectiveness (·) 24.b (11.699) (5.736 13.1 Deferred Tax Income Effectiveness (·) 24.b 61.626 21.92 XIV. NET PROFIT AND LOSS SUSTAINED ACTIVITIES (NET) (XV±XVI) 19.040.485 16.494.44 XV. Income from Assets Held for Sale 15.1 Income from Assets Leld for Sale 15.2 Profit on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.3 Other Income from Discontinued Operations 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.1 Loss on Sale of Associate				(6.785.923)	(2.379.344)
No. PROFIT/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION	IX.	NET OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (V++VIII)	1	23.781.163	20.635,956
Note Profit Pro					
13.1 Current Tax Provisions 24.c (4.790.605) (4.157.701 13.2 Deferred Tax Cost Effectiveness (-) 24.b (11.699) (5.736 13.3 Deferred Tax Income Effectiveness (+) 24.b 61.826 21.922 21.92 21	XII.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX (IX+X+XI)			20.635.956
13.3 Deferred Tax Income Effectiveness (+) 24.b 61.626 21.92 XIV. NET PROFIT AND LOSS SUSTAINED ACTIVITIES (NET) (XV±XVI) 19.040.485 16.494.44 XV. INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS - 15.1 Income from Assets Held for Sale - 15.2 Profit on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities - 15.3 Other Income from Discontinued Operations - XVI. LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-) - 16.1 Expense on Assets Held for Sale - 16.2 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities - 16.1 Expense on Assets Held for Sale - 16.2 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities - 17. Tax Income from Discontinued Operations - 18. Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities - 19. Tax Income from Discontinued Operations - 19. Tax Income from Assets Held for Sale - 19. Tax Income from Assets Held	13.1	Current Tax Provisions		(4.790.605)	(4.157.701)
XIV. NET PROFIT AND LOSS SUSTAINED ACTIVITIES (NET) (XV±XVI) 19.040.485 16.494.444 XV. INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 15.1 Income from Assets Held for Sale 15.2 Profit on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities 15.3 Other Income from Discontinued Operations XVI. LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-) 6.1 Expense on Assets Held for Sale 16.2 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities					(5.736) 21.923
15.1 Income from Assets Held for Sale	XIV.	NET PROFIT AND LOSS SUSTAINED ACTIVITIES (NET) (XV±XVI)	- "		16.494.442
15.2 Profit on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities			- Annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada annahada		
XVI. LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-) 16.1 Expense on Assets Held for Sale 16.2 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	15.2	Profit on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities			
16.2 Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities –	XVI.	LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)			
	16.3	Other Expenses from Discontinued Operations			· [4]
XVII. PRE TAX PROFIT AND LOSS ON DISCONTINUED ACTIVITIES (XV-XVI) XVIII. TAX PROVISIONS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)					·
18.1 Current Tax Provisions	18.1	Current Tax Provisions	1	_	
18.3 Deferred Tax Income Effectiveness (+)	18.3	Deferred Tax Income Effectiveness (+)			
XIX. PROFIT / LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII) XX. MINITORY SHARES					•
XX. NET PROFIT / LOSS (XIV+XIX) 19.040.485 16.494.44;		NET PROFIT / LOSS (XIV+XIX)			16.494.442
			41		1,94 1,94
Earnings Per Share from Discontinued Operations (Complete TRL)		Earnings Per Share from Discontinued Operations (Complete TRL)	1		
					1,94 1,94
Earnings Per Share from Discontinued Operations (Complete TRL)					

AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞİRKETİ OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME SSTATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 01 - DECEMBER 31 2015 AND 2014

		TUKKISI	I LIRA (TRL)
		Audited	Audited
		Current Period	Current Period
		January 01 - December	January 01 - December
	Notes	31, 2015	31, 2014
CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS		19.040.485	16.494.44
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other accumulated comprehensive income or expenses non-re-classifiable to profit or oss	-	· ′ se	
Revaluation increase / decrease of fixed tangible assets		-	
Revaluation increase / decrease of fixed intangible assets			
Defined Benefit Plans Re-measurement Gains / Losses			
Shares not to be classified as profit/loss from other comprehensive income of investments			
raluated by equity method Other comprehensive income elements not to be classified as other profit or loss			
		_	
axes regarding other comprehensive income not to be reclassified as profit/loss			
ax income /loss of the period			
eferred tax income /loss		-	
Other accumulated comprehensive income or expenses classifiable to profit or loss		-	
oreign currency exchange difference			
Revaluation and/or classification earnings/losses of financial assets ready for sale			
Cash Flow Hedge Earnings / Losses			
nvestment hedge earnings/losses related to foreign operations		· · · -	
chares to be classified as profit/loss from other comprehensive income of investments valuated y equity method			
Other comprehensive income elements to be classified as other profit or loss			
axes regarding other comprehensive income to be reclassified as profit/loss			
ax income /loss of the period			
eferred tax income /loss		~~	
THER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
OTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		19.040.485	16.494.4
istribution of the Total Comprehensive Income			
inority Interest			
arent Company Shares		19.040.485	16.494.4



AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞIRKETİ STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 01 - DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

			or expense	or expenses non-re-classifiable to	sifiable to	Other accur	Other accumulated comprehensive income or expenses classifiable to	ehensive iifiable to								
CHANGES IN EQUITY	Notes	Paid in Capital		2	33	4	ic.	**	Legal	Statutory	Extraordinary	Other	Prior Period	Current Period	Shares other than parent	L T
PRIOR PERIOD January 01 - December 31, 2014	,											2001000	1.000	LIOINTOSS	company	i otal Equity
I. Balance at the Beginning of the Period		8.500,000	1	1	1	1	. 1		32A 113	Ì	1 570 713		7 503	400 000	-	200 200
			1		-	-	1	1	11.		- 1.9.0.1		700.7	1.492.390	-	17.904.326
2.1 Error Correction Influence 2.2 Accounting Policy Correction Effect		1 1	1	£	f .	1	í	1	ı				ı	I	ı	1
	32	8.500.000	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	324.113	2	1 579 713	1 1	7 502	7 402 998		- 47 QUA 326
IV. Total Comprehensive Income		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ŧ	2 1		300	1	1 1	26.406.11
		1 1	1 1	1 1		l	Ì	1.	1	ł		ī	ı	I	i	
		. 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			1 1	1 1	1	1	I
		1	ţ	ı	1	1	ı	1	1			1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	} 1
-			1	1	I	ĭ	. 1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1
Increase /uecrease due to outer changes Net Profit or Loss for The Period		1	1	1	ı	I	1	1-	1	1	ı	l	1	1 :	1	
		l I	1 1	I I	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 -1	375 025		7 125 475	1	(7 502)	16.494.442	I	16.494.442
		1	ı	1	1	í	1				011-071-1	ı	(200.1)	(066.264.1)	1 1	1 1
12.2 Amount Transfer to Reserves		1	ı	I.	1	***	f	. 1	375.025		7.125.475	ı	(7.502)	(7.492.998)	1 1	
12.3 Unef		1	ı	!	1	ì	ı	I	I ,	1		1		1	1	1
Balance at the End of Period (III+IV++XI+XII+XIII)	- 1	8.500.000	1	;	*	:		:	699.138	1	8.705.188		*	16 494 442	:	34 398 768
CURRENT PERIOD January 01 - December 31, 2015					***************************************				:							
I. Balance at the Beginning of the Period		8.500.000		1	1	ŀ	1		699.138	. 1	8 705 188		1	16 AQA AA2		24 209 769
II. Correction Made According to TAS 8			1			1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	71.101.01	1 1	04.000.10
2.1 Accounting Policy Correction Effect		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	f 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1	1	I	ı	1	ı
_ `	32	8.500.000	-	-	I	1	ľ	-	699.138		8.705.188	1	I	16.494.442	-	34.398.768
 Iotal Comprehensive Income Increase in Capital Realized in Cash 		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	•	1	ı			1	1	4	3	
		17,000.000	1	1	1	1 1		1. 1	l I	1 1	(8.705.188)	1 1	(8.294.812)	1 1	1 1	
VII. Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment		f	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	7	1	t	1
				1 1	1 1	1 1	L	1	1			ı	I	1	1	i i
		ı		. !	1	I	1. 1	1.1	1 1	[]	Γ I		1 1	1 1	1 1	
XI. Net Profit or Loss for The Period		ì	1	3	ı	1	1		1		1	ļ	1	19.040.485	1	19.040.485
Ali. Prolit Distributed Dividend		1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	934.413	I	5.735.217	1	8.294.812	(16.494.442)	1	(1.530.000)
12.2 Amount Transfer to Reserves		1	l I	1 1	I I	1 1	; į	1 1	934.413	1)	5.735.217	1 1	(1.530.000)	- (16 494 442)	1 1	(1.530.000)
12.3 Other	,	1	I	1	1	.1	1.	ı	1	i	1			1	ţ	
The same of the sa		000 000 000					-									

4.444.44

Fixed assets accumulated revaluation increase/decrease
Defined benefit plans accumulated re-massurement earnings/losses
Ober and the comprehensive earnings elements not to be classified as profit or loss and shares not to be classified as profit/loss from other comprehensive earnings valuated by equity method from other comprehensive earnings edifference
Accumulated revaluation and/or classification earnings/losses of financial assets reacy for sale
Accumulated revaluation and/or classification earnings valuated by equity method from other comprehensive earnings earnings of the comprehensive earnings earnings of the comprehensive earnings of the comprehensive earnings of the comprehensive earnings of the comprehensive earnings of the comprehensive earnings of the comprehensive earnings earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of other comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of the comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of the comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of the comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of the comprehensive earnings was accumulated amounts of the comprehensive earnings.

CLUSLARARASI PARAMANANIN SIRKET

AK FAKTORING ANONIM ŞİRKETİ STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 01 - DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

		TURKISH L	.IRA (TRL)
		Audited Current Period	Audited Prior Period
	Notes	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
A. CASH FLOWS OF MAIN OPERATIONS		TO AND THE STREET OF THE STREE	
1.1 Operating profit on assets and liabilities subject of main operation prior to change 1.1.1 Interests Received / Leasing Earnings 1.1.2 Interest Paid 1.1.5 Fees and Commissions Received 1.1.6 Other earnings acquired 1.1.7 Collections from receivable on follow up accounted as loss 1.1.8 Cash payments to staff and service providers 1.1.9 Taxes Paid	33 27, 36 33 38, 40 15 37 24	25.144.110 84.365.448 (45.061.129) 1.495.599 (2.851.780) 84.289 (7.597.677) (5.290.640)	26.929.025 62.776.205 (26.142.865) 633.567 (1.080.257) 65.435 (6.217.652) (3.105.408)
 1.2 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities 1.2.1 Net (Increase) / Decrease in Factoring Receivables 1.2.6 Net (Increase) / Decrease in Other Assets 1.2.6 Net (Increase) / Decrease in Factoring Payables 1.2.8 Net (Increase) / Decrease in Matured Debt 1.2.9 Net (Increase) / Decrease in Other Liabilities 	11 14, 23, 25 11 14, 24.d 29, 31	(47.359,759) (53.272.258) 172.984 436.936 5.312.021 (9.442)	(145.990.800) (143.304.466) (3.123.113) 178.556 210.445 47.778
I. Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Operating Activities		(22.215.649)	(119.061.775)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
2.3 Securities and Properties Purchased 2.4 Securities and Properties Sold 2.9 Other Cash Flows Related to Investment Activities	21, 22 21, 22 7	(542.087) - 6.005.036	(18.981) 376 (2.746.003)
II. Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		5.462.949	(2.764.608)
C. CASH FLOWS RELATED TO FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES			
3.1 Cash provided by credits and securities issued 3.4 Dividend Payments	27, 28	18.116.875 (1.530.000)	122.088.671
III. Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		16.588.875	122.088.671
IV. Currency Exchange Rate Difference's Influence on Cash and Cash Equivalent Assets		. #196	
V. Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(165.825)	262.288
VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period	6, 8	563.330	301.042
VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period	6,8	397.505	563.330



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi was established with the title of "Ak Factoring Hizmetleri Ticaret Anonim Şirketi" on September 18,1992. The title of the company has been decided to change by unanimous vote as "Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi" at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on October 12, 2012. The decision was announced in the Trade Registry Gazette numbered 8183 on October 31, 2012 and the company's title was registered as "Ak Faktoring Anonim Şirketi".

The company operates at address which is "Büyükdere Cad. Özsezen İş Merkezi C Blok No: 126 Kat: 9 Esentepe, Şişli / İstanbul". The main activity of the Company is to provide factoring services to industrial and commercial companies. The Company continues their factoring activities in one geographical region (Turkey).

The shareholding structure of the company is as follows:

			Decembe	er 31, 2015	December	31, 2014
			 Amount	. %	Amount	%
Altın Has Holding A.Ş.		٠.	% 100,00	25.499.625	% 100,00	8.499.875
İnan Altınbaş			> 1	75	> 1	25
Hüseyin Altınbaş			> 1	75	> 1	25
Abdülhamit Yurt	÷ .		> 1	75	> 1	25
Atilla Keskin			> 1	75	> 1	25
Vedat Bayat			. > 1	75	> 1	25
			% 100,00	25.500.000	% 100,00	8.500.000

As of December 31, 2015, the number of employees is 47. (December 31, 2014 - 45).

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1. Basis of Presentation

2.1.1. Applied Accounting Standards

The Company's activities are accounted for in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards within the scope of the Communiqué on the Uniform Chart of Accounts and Explanatory Notes which will be applied to Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies which is published in the Official Gazette dated December 24, 2013 and numbered 28861.

In accounting for activities, provisions of the regulations have been applied about prepared on the basis of "Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law" which is published in the Official Gazette dated December 13, 2012, numbered 28496 and Accounting Practices and Financial Tables of Financial Leasing, Factoring, and Financing Companies which is published in Official Gazette dated December 24, 2013 and numbered 28861.

The Annex 1 of the Law No. 2499 was cancelled by the Decree No. 660 which is entered into force and to be published in the Official Gazette on November 2, 2011. And Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Institution ("Institution") was established. In preparation of the financial statements, Turkish Accounting Standards / Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS / TFRS") and related annex and interpretations ("TAS / TFRS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("KGK") have been taken a basis.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.1. Basis of Presentation (Cont'd)

2.1.2. Functional and Reporting Currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Turkish Lira (TL) and the reporting currency is also Turkish Lira (TL).

The Company's financial statements have been subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard related to Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29") until December 31, 2004. The indicators that require inflation accounting application is stated to have been removed with general instruction issued by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") dated April 28, 2005. And the application of inflation accounting has been terminated as of January 1, 2005.

2.1.3. Adjustment of Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

The Company's financial statements have been subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard related to Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29") until December 31, 2004. The indicators that require inflation accounting application is stated to have been removed with general instruction issued by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") dated April 28, 2005. And the application of inflation accounting has been terminated as of January 1, 2005.

2.1.4. Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.2. Changes in Accounting Policies

Significant changes in accounting policies and identified significant accounting errors are applied, retrospectively and the prior period financial statements are restated. The Company has applied their accounting policies consistent with the previous financial year.

2.3. Changes in the Accounting Estimates and Errors

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are recognized in the period when changes are applied: if changes in estimates are related to future periods. They are recognized both in the period where the change is applied and future periods prospectively. Correction of error are considered by retrospectively and the prior period financial statements are restated.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Reporting Standards requires that management is to apply policies, to make decisions affected by reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses to make estimates and assumptions. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the assumptions underlying estimates are constantly being reviewed. The updates to the accounting estimates are based on the period which is made the updates and on subsequent periods affected by these updates.

ULUSLARAN SI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMINLI MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.4. Comparative Information and Adjustment Financial Statements of Previous Period

The current period financial statements and footnotes are presented comparatively with the prior period financial statements and footnotes. In order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements, comparative information is reclassified when it is necessary.

The accounting principles are applied by the Company and showed consistency with accounting principles applied in previous periods. The estimates and the assumptions underlying estimates are constantly being reviewed. The updates to the accounting estimates are based on the period which is made the updates and on subsequent periods affected by these updates.

2.5 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards

a) The amendments in TAS affecting the amounts and footnotes reported in the financial statements

None.

b) Standards, effective after the year of 2015 and do not have any impact on the Company's financial statements, amendments and interpretations to existing standards

TAS 19 (Amendment)

Annual Improvements related to 2010-2012 Term

Annual Improvements related to 2011-2013 Term

Employee Benefits 1 TFRS 2, TFRS 3, TFRS 8, TFRS 13, TAS 16 and TAS 38,

TAS 24, TFRS 9, TAS 37, TAS 39 1 TFRS 3, TFRS 13, TAS 40 1

TAS 19 (Amendments) Employee Benefits

This change clarifies how to related with service period when the contributions made by employees or third parties are connected to service periods. In addition, the company is permitted to recognize such contributions as a reduction in the service cost for the service provided for the service, when the amount of contribution is an independent from service year.

ULUSLARAR S BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMİNLİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

¹ It's valid as of financial periods beginning after June 30, 2014.

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

- 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)
- 2.5 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (Cont'd)
- b) Standards, effective after the year of 2015 and do not have any impact on the Company's financial statements, amendments and interpretations to existing standards (Cont'd)

Annual improvements related to 2010-2012 Term

- TFRS 2: TFRS 2 amends the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition.
- **TFRS 3:** TFRS 3 clarifies that contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability shall be measured at fair value at each reporting date.
- **TFRS 8:** TFRS 8 requires an entity to disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments and clarifies that an entity shall only provide reconciliations of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets if the segment assets are reported regularly.
- **TFRS 13:** TFRS 13 clarifies that issuing TFRS 13 and amending TFRS 9 and TAS 39 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting if the effect of not discounting is immaterial.
- **TAS 24:** TAS 24 clarifies that an entity providing key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity.

Annual Improvements for the 2010-2012 Period have led to amendments in TFRS 9, TAS 37 and TAS 39 standards respectively.

Annual Improvements related to 2011-2013 Term

- **TFRS 3:** TFRS 3 clarifies that IFRS 3 excludes from its scope the accounting for the formation of a joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.
- TFRS 13: TFRS 13 clarifies that the scope of the portfolio exception defined in paragraph 52.
- **TAS 40:** TAS 40 clarifies that determining whether a specific transaction meets the definition of both a business combination as defined in TFRS 3 as defined in TAS 40 requires the separate application of both standards independently of each other.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (Cont'd)

c) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Company has not applied the following new and revised TFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

TFRS 9

Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7

Amendments to TAS 16 and TAS 38

Amendments to TAS 16 and TAS 41 with TAS 1, TAS 17, TAS 23, TAS 36 and TAS 40 Amendments to TFRS 11 and TFRS 1 Annual Improvements related to 2011-2013 Term Amendments to TAS 1 Annual Improvements related to 2012-2014 Term Amendments to TAS 27

Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28

Amendments to TFRS 10, TFRS 12, and TAS 28

TFRS 14

Financial Instruments

Mandatory Effective Date of TFRS 9 and Transition

Disclosures

Acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization 1

Agriculture, Bearer Plants 1

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations¹

TFRS 1²

Explanation Provisions 2

TFRS 5, TFRS 7, TAS 34, TAS 19 2

Equity Method in Individual Financial Statements 2

Asset Sales or Investments between Investor and Affiliate

or Joint Venture 2

Investment Enterprises: Application of Consolidation

Exemptions 2

Deferred Accounts Based on Editing 2

¹ Amendments are valid at accounting period which starts after December 30, 2015 accounting period.

TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

TFRS 9, issued in November 2009, introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, TFRS 9 was amended in October 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for de-recognition.

Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 Mandatory Effective Date and Transition Disclosures

For TFRS 9, the mandatory implementation date has been delayed but not before the date of 01 January, 2018.

Amendments to TAS 16 and TAS 38 Acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization

This amendment clarifies that that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for property, plant and equipment, and introduces a rebuttable presumption that an amortization method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is inappropriate, which can only be overcome in limited circumstances where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, or when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated. The amendment also adds guidance that expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced using an asset could indicate the expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of the asset, which, in turn, might reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.



² Amendments are valid at accounting period which starts after January 1, 2016 accounting period.

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AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

- 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)
- 2.5 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (Cont'd)
- c) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

TAS 16 and TAS 41 (Amendments) with TAS 1, TAS 17, TAS 23, TAS 36 and TAS 40 (Changes) Agricultures: Carrier plants

This standard 'carrier plants' instead of TAS 41 standard, tangible assets under the classification after initial recognition and registration to enable the measured according to the cost or revaluation basis specifies be dealt with under the TAS 16 standard. This standard also' bearing plants' used for the production or supply of agricultural products likely to be sold to give the product more than one term as agricultural products other than expected and insignificant residual sales of living is very low is defined as a plant. This raised the standard of the products bearing plants is covered by the TAS 41 standard is also indicated. Changes in TAS 16 and TAS 41 resulted in changes in TAS 1, TAS 23, TAS 36 and TAS 40

Amendments to TFRS 11 ve TFRS 1 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

This standard, the acquirer shares constituting a joint business activity:

- Except for the violation of the rules set out in TFRS 11, TFRS 3 and application of all accounting transactions related to other design located in a business combination, and
- TFRS 3 and other design predicts the information required to be disclosed relating to the business combination in accordance with the description.

This change to TFRS 11 led to changes in the standard of TFRS1 notified.

Annual Improvements related to 2011-2013 Term

TFRS 1: This change clarifies which versions of TMS are to be used, when the entity applies TMS for the first time.

Amendments to TAS 1 'Explanation Provisions'

These changes include narrow-focus improvements in the areas of obligation that are required to present financial statements of financial statement preparation.

Annual Improvements related to 2012-2014 Term

TFRS 5: TFRS 5 introduces additional disclosures when a fixed asset held for sale is classified as held for sale asset to the partners or vice versa and the classification of an asset as held for distribution by the partners is terminated.

TFRS 7: TFRS 7 provides additional information whether a service contract is a transferred asset and the clarification of the settlement process in the interim financial statements.

TAS 34: TAS 34 clarifies 'Interim financial reporting' regarding disclosure of information.

Annual Improvements for the period 2012-2014 led to amendments in the relevant areas of TAS 19 standard.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

- 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)
- 2.5 New and Revised Turkish Accounting Standards (Cont'd)
- c) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 27, 'Separate financial statements' on the equity method

These amendments allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.

Amendments to TFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements' and TAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'

The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

TFRS 10, TFRS 12 and TAS 28 (Amendments) Investment Operations: Application of Consolidation Exemptions

This amendment clarifies the problems arising during the implementation of the consolidation exception of investment enterprises as follows:

- The exceptional situation regarding the preparation of the financial statements for the intermediary company, even when an investment enterprise evaluates all subsidiaries at fair value, is valid for the parent company, which is a subsidiary of the investment enterprise.
- In the case of a subsidiary that provides services related to the parent company's investment enterprise, this subsidiary should not be included in the consolidation.
- Where an associate or a joint venture is accounted for by the equity method, it may continue to use the fair value measurement that it applies for investing in an investment enterprise in a non-aiming investor or shares in a business partnership.
- An investment enterprise that measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value, provides the disclosures required by the TFRS 12 standard regarding to investment enterprises.

TFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

TFRS 14 'Regulatory deferral accounts' permits first–time adopters to continue to recognize amounts related to rate regulation in accordance with their previous TFRS requirements when they adopt TFRS.

TFRS 14 has led to amendments to the TFRS 1 standard.

These standards, changes and improvements are assessed on the Company's financial condition and the likely impact on its performance.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Revenue Recognition

Interest, commission and fee income from factoring transactions are recognized on an accrual basis unearned portions of interest income from factoring transactions are also shown on an accrual basis. The doubtful factoring receivables are accounted for by deducting receivable receivables.

b. Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets other than those at fair value through profit or loss are accounted for at the fair market value and the total amount of the expenditures that can be directly related to the purchase transaction. As a result of the purchase or sale of financial assets that are subject to the delivery condition of the investment instruments in accordance with the period determined by the related market are recorded or removed from recorded at the transaction date.

Financial assets are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "investments held-to-maturity", "available-for-sale financial assets" and "loans and receivables". The classification is determined at the time of initial recognition, depending on the purpose and nature of the acquisition of the financial asset.

Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is the valuation of the financial asset at amortized cost and the redistribution method in which the relevant interest income is related. Effective interest rate which reduces the estimated cash receipts to be collected over the expected life of the financial instrument or, where appropriate, for a shorter period of time to the net present value of the related financial asset.

Income related to financial assets other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are calculated by using the effective interest method.

Fair value through profit / loss assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are which held for trading purposes and not acquired for trading purposes and financial assets that are accounted for in this category during initial recognition. Financial assets are classified in the category, when a financial asset is acquired for short-term withdrawal or when it is concluded that a more accurate accounting presentation will be achieved during initial accounting. Financial assets that are derivative financial instruments that are not designated as an effective hedge against financial risk are also classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Private sector investments based on credit, which are included in financial investments, are classified as trading securities for purchase and sale. Valuation gains and losses are recognized at fair value to be reflected in income statements in their subsequent valuation. Investments are where there is no reliable fair value, are valued at the discounted cost value. The discounted cost is calculated by the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

b. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

Company that are traded in an active market are classified as being available- for-sale financial assets and are stated at fair value. The Company also has investments in unquoted equity investments that are not traded in an active market but are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Similarly, investments in unquoted equity investments that are not traded in an active market but are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at cost since the fair value of these investments cannot be measured reliably. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognized in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies are determined on the basis of the currency in which the fair value is expressed and it is converted from the valid currency at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange gains / (losses) recognized in the income statement are determined based on the monetary asset's amortized cost value. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Factoring Receivables and Other Receivables

Factoring receivables and other receivables are accounted at their fair value at the date of initial recognition during the reporting periods after the first registration date, other receivables other than factoring receivables are stated at amortized cost by using the effective interest method. Factoring transactions are presented with their carrying values in subsequent reporting periods. During the first registration of factoring receivables, the prediction is that the registered values approximate to its fair value due to the consideration of the discount.

Specific provisions and free provisions are reserved for factoring receivables in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications and Financial Tables of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies" published in the Official Gazette No. 28861 dated 24 December 2013 by BRSA.

Impairment in Financial Assets

Financial assets other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed whether any indication that a financial asset or a group of financial assets has suffered an impairment at each balance sheet date. When the occurrence of one or more events after the initial recognition of the financial asset and when there is an objective evidence that the related impairment loss is impaired as a result of the impact on the estimated future cash flow of the related financial asset or group of assets that can be reliably estimated, is depreciated and impairment loss occurs. The impairment loss for loans and receivables is the difference between the present value of the expected future cash flows which is discounted at the financial asset's original interest rate, and the carrying amount.

Except factoring receivables, the impairment is directly deducted from the carrying amount of the related financial asset in all other financial assets. In case the receivables cannot be collected, the respective amount is deducted from the provision account. Changes in the provision account are recognized in the income statement.

Except for available-for-sale equity instruments, if the impairment loss decreases in the following period and if the decrease can be associated with an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss, in case the impairment of the investment has never been accounted at the date on which the previously recognized impairment loss impairment is to be cancelled, it is cancelled in profit / loss as not exceeding the amount of the amortized cost.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

b. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition, including cash and deposits in banks. This caption also includes other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and specific demand deposits. The book value of these assets approximates their fair value.

Derivative Financial Instruments and Financial Liability Protection Accounting

The activities of the Company primarily expose the entity and expose it to financial risks that are subject to changes in interest rates. The company use derivative financial instruments (mainly exchange rate forward contracts) in order to manage the financial risks associated with currency and interest rate fluctuations related to future foreign currency and credit transactions. Derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value at the date of the contract and are accounted for at fair value at subsequent reporting periods. Derivative financial instruments are recognized as held for trading because all necessary conditions are not fulfilled in order to be recognized as an item in hedge of hedge accounting, while providing hedge accounting. And the gain or loss realized by means of the related instruments is associated with the profit and loss statement.

Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified in accordance with the definition of a contractual arrangement, a financial obligation and a tool based on equity. The contract representing the right of remaining assets after deducting all debts of the Company, is a financial instrument based on equity.

The accounting policies applied for based upon certain financial liabilities and equity instruments are given below.

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

Fair Value Difference Financial Liabilities Reflected in Profit or Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are accounted for at fair value and they are revalued at the balance sheet date at fair value at each reporting period. The change in fair value is recognized in the income statement. Net gains or losses recognized in the income statement also include the interest paid for such financial liability.

Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including financial liabilities, are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are accounted with the interest rate calculated over the effective interest rate in subsequent periods and amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is the calculation of the amortized cost of the financial liability and the way in which the related interest expense is related to the redistribution. Effective interest rate which reduces the estimated cash receipts to be collected over the expected life of the financial instrument or, where appropriate, for a shorter period of time to the net present value of the related financial asset.

ULUSLARARASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMINLI MALI NÜŞAVİRLİK ANONIM ŞIRKETI

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

c. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible assets are reflected accumulated depreciation and permanent value losses by deduction from the carrying value of the items accounted for using the effective interest method as of 31 December 2004 for items that were acquired before 01 January 2005 and the purchase cost value for items purchased after 31 December 2004.

Depreciation is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the tangible assets. Estimated useful lives of the related assets are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures 5 -10

Profit or loss arising from deduction of tangible assets are determined by comparing the amounts recovered and the amounts collected. And it is reflected in related income and expense accounts in the current period.

Costs of providing new products or services including costs of opening a new activity, advertising costs; costs to do business in a new location or with a new customer segment including training cost of staff; costs such as general management costs cannot be directly associated with the asset, thus, not included in the acquisition cost due to the fact that they are not included in the purchase price of the tangible asset and because the asset is not put in place to bring it into the necessary position and status so that it can operate in the direction of the management's objectives.

d. Intangible Assets and Depreciation

The intangible assets are taken into the financial statements in according with the criteria of being identifiable, having control over the related resource and the existence of an economic benefit expected to be obtained in the future. In this framework, expenditures related to training activities, expenditures related to advertising and promotional activities, partially or fully reorganization expenditures and expenditure on initial activities, except those that can be included in the cost of tangible assets are taken into financial statements as expense when they are accrued.

e. Impairment of Assets

The impairment test is applied when it is not possible to recover the carrying amount for assets subject to repayment or when events occur. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the big one of the fair value or value in use after deduction of the selling costs. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level where the identifiable cash flows are present (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets subject to impairment are reviewed at each reporting date for possible cancellation of impairment.

f. Capital Increases

Capital increases from existing shareholders are approved and registered at annual general meetings and they are accounted over their nominal values.

ULUSLARAÇASI BAĞIMSIZ DENFTIM VE YEMINLI MALI MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETI

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

g. Provisions for severance payment

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Company. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as UMS 19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("UMS 19").

The retirement pay liability recognized in the statement of financial position is calculated according to the net present value of the estimated future salary obligations of all employees due to retirement and reflected in the financial statements. All actuarial losses and gains are accounted for under other comprehensive income.

h. Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

i. Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs are recorded in the income statement for the periods in which are incurred.

j. The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

The financial statements of each Company is presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY).

The exchange rates used by the Company as of December 31, 2015 and December, 31 2014 are as follows:

	TRY/USD	TRY / EUR	TRY / GBP
December 31, 2015 :	2,9076	3,1776	4,3007
December 31, 2014 :	2,3189	2,8207	3,5961

A foreign currency transaction should be recorded initially at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated to Turkish Liras (TRY) at the buying rate of TCMB at the date of that balance sheet.

k. Earnings per Share

In Turkey, companies can increase their capital by distributing "bonus shares" they distribute from their previous years' profits to their shareholders. Such "bonus share" distributions are treated as issued shares in earnings per share calculations. Accordingly, the weighted average number of shares used in these calculations has been determined taking into account the retrospective effects of such stock distributions.

ULUSLAFARASI BKĞIMSIZ DENFTİM VE YEMINLI MALI MÜŞAVIRLİK ANONIM ŞİRKETİ

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

I. Subsequent Events

Events after the balance sheet date comprise any events between the balance sheet date and the date of authorization of the financial statements for issue, even if any events after the balance sheet date occurred subsequent to the announcement on the Company's profit or following the publicly disclosed financial information.

The Company restates its financial statements if such adjusting subsequent events arise.

m. Finance Leasing

Leasing - The Company as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Acquired assets, lease, rental, or at the date the fair value of the asset at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments is activated by using. The corresponding liability to the lessor is shown in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Finance lease payments finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation are divided as to the payment of the principal that provides, and thus allows us to calculate interest on the balance remaining principal of the debt at a fixed rate. Financial expenses the Company's general policy details, which include financing costs capitalized within the scope of the above except for the portion of the borrowing are recognized in profit or loss. Contingent rents are recorded as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

n. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded using substantially enacted tax rates for the effect of temporary differences between book and tax bases of assets and liabilities. The subsidiaries of the Company have deferred tax assets resulting from tax loss carry-forwards and deductible temporary differences, all of which could reduce taxable income in the future.

Deferred tax assets and liability are not recognized in which case arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset/liability (except business combinations) which, at the time of the transaction, does not affect either the accounting or the taxable profit.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

n. Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates, and interests in joint arrangements, are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference will be utilized.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets or a portion of the deferred tax asset will allow to obtain the full benefits of sufficient taxable income to the extent that it is not possible, reduce the carrying value of deferred tax assets.

Deferred taxes assets resulted from these types of investments and shares are calculated under the condition that it has the high probability that the related differences will be extinct in the future and the adequate profit will be gain to exploit these differences. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates/laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the balance sheet date The measurement reflects the entity's expectations, at the end of the reporting period, as to the manner in which the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities will be recovered or settled.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities can only be offset in the statement of financial position if the entity has the legal right to settle current tax amounts on a net basis and the deferred tax amounts are levied by the same taxing authority on the same entity or different entities that intend to realize the asset and settle the liability at the same time.

Items which are associated with items recognized directly in equity or accounted as liabilities or current tax, except for those arising from initial recognition of business combinations and deferred tax are accounted as expense or income in the income statement.

The tax effect is taken into account in the business combination, in the calculation of goodwill or in determining the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the fair value of the acquire identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired subsidiary.

n. Cash flow statement

In the cash flow statement, cash flows for the period in a format that is classified according to the investment and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities represent the cash flows of the Company's operations. Cash flows related to investing activities shows the Company's investment activities (asset investments and financial investments). Cash flows relating to financing activities represent the resources used in the Company's financing activities and the repayment of these funds.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

o. Related Party

The ability of a party to be considered as a related party to the Company depends on the following criteria:

- (a) The subject party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries:
- (i) Has control or joint control over the reporting entity; (including subsidiaries and affiliates in the same business segment subsidiaries)
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) has joint control over the reporting entity,
- (b) The party is a subsidiary of the entity;
- (c) The party has a business partnership that the entity is a joint venture;
- (d) The party is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity;
- (e) The party is a close family member of any individual referred to in (a) or (d);
- (f) The party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or under significant influence, or in which any individual referred to in (d) or (e) has significant voting rights, directly or indirectly, or
- (g) It requires that the entity has benefit plans that are provided to the employees of the entity or an entity that is a related party of the entity after they leave the company.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged. In the following financial statements, the shareholders of the Company, its affiliates and the companies associated with them, their key managers and other known groups are referred to as related parties.

p. Segment reporting

Reporting of Financial Information by Segments is reporting in accordance with different kinds of products and services produced financial information and different geographic regions where the business operates about the better understanding of the past performance of the enterprises by the financial statement users, the better assessment of risks and yields and being able to make a more accurate decision about the enterprise as a whole.

r. Government Incentives and Grants

All government grants, including grants non-monetary government stated at fair value, reasonable assurance can be obtained by businesses will be fulfilled and the grants by the company's requirements for obtaining recognized in the financial statements when they are incurred.

It may be waived loans obtained from the state, in the event there is a reasonable assurance that the company will fulfill the conditions of the waiver is accepted as a government grant. The Company does not have any incentives or grants as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

s. Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

i) Non-current assets held for sale

If the company intends to purchase a fixed asset and if the sale is likely to occur within 12 months, the related asset is classified as held for sale in the statement of financial position. Equipment held for sale are valued at the lower of carrying amount or fair value. Recoverability of the carrying amount is measured not by the use of the asset but by sale.

Assets received as collateral by the Company are classified as held for sale after their acquisition, when it comes to reducing the cash collection ability of the funds used.

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(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.6. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

s. Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Cont'd)

ii) Discontinued operations

An entity is a party to a binding sales contract for almost all of the assets that can be directly attributed to the discontinued operation or approval of a detailed and formal plan by the board of directors or similar managing body concerning the suspension or if an announcement is made about the related plan, Public disclosure is made.

Related provisions are complied with in the scope of impairment of assets in discontinued operations on the basis of financial statements and valuation principles, provisions, contingent assets and liabilities, tangible assets, and benefits The Company has no discontinued operations as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

3. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

None. (31 December 2014 - None).

4. JOINT VENTURES

None. (31 December 2014 - None).

5. SEGMENT REPORTING

None. (31 December 2014 - None).

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND THE CENTRAL BANK

	31 December	r 2015	31 December	2014
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Cash	1.765		6.250	
	1.765	25.99	6.250	
7. FAIR VALUE DIFFERENCES REFLECTED to P/L (NET)	31 December	- 004E	31 December	2044

	31 Decemb	er 2015	31 Decembe	r 2014
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Private sector bond cost	***		5.831.704	
Interest income accrual	***	***	86.666	-
	p a	an .	5.918.370	u s

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AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

7. BANKS

	December 3	December 31, 2015		l, 2014
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Demand deposit Time deposit	392.878 	2.862	557.080 	(m.)) (M.))
	392.878	2.862	557.080	80

8. RECEIVABLES FROM REVERSE REPO TRANSACTIONS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE (Net)

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

10. FACTORING RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES

a. Factoring Receivables

		December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014		
		TRY	Other	TRY	Other	
Discounted factoring receivables	32	7.809.268		322.534.340	***	
Other factoring receivables	6	3.650.485	14.746.930	36.135.152	4.237.799	
Restructured factoring receivables		346.500		546.500	-	
Interest income accrual of factoring receivables		1.726.476		991.722		
Unearned interest income from factoring receivables (-)	(17	7.967.301)	· 	(17.848.601)	(43.642)	
and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the	•					
	37	5.565.428	14.746.930	342.359.113	4.194.157	
Maturity distribution of factoring receivables:			Between 3	Between 1		
	Up to	Up to		month and		
December 31, 2015	1 month	3 months	1 year	5 years	Total	
Factoring receivables	6.810.683	109.280.120	247.616.245	26.605.310	390.312.358	
			Between 3	Between 1		
D	Up to	Up to		month and	*** - X 8	
December 31, 2014	1 month	3 months	1 year	5 years	Total	
Factoring receivables	6.677.491	107.218.124	219.067.241	13.590.414	346.553.270	



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

11. FACTORING RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES - cont'd

a. Factoring Receivables - cont'd

The details of factoring receivables according to the sectors are as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Sector	Amount ('000)	Amount ('000)
Construction	121.050	121.025
Textile and textile products industry	41.840	43.193
Transport vehicles industry	41.198	25.935
Other manufacturing industry	30.643	24.999
Wholesale and retail trade services	27.364	12.583
Other social and personal services	24.483	19,475
Removing mines that produces energy	23.295	19.595
Hotels and restaurants (tourism)	21.879	15.629
Rubber and plastic products industry	13.172	42
Food, beverage and tobacco industry	11.241	7.757
Transport, storage and communication	10.964	16.277
Metal main industry and processed material production	10.061	24.501
Other non-metallic industry	7.275	4.630
Leather and leather products industry	5.558	6.022
Chemical and chemical products and synthetic industry	5.438	2.704
Electrical and optical appliances industry	5.087	3.730
Agriculture	4.415	16.000
The paper and paper products industry	3.121	109
Machinery and equipment industry	196	240
	408.280	364.446

b. Factoring Payables

As at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the details of short-term factoring payables are as follows:

		December 31, 2015	December 31,	December 31, 2014		
	·	TRY Othe	r TRY	Other		
Factoring payables		702.259 -	- 265.323	***		
		702.259 -	- 265.323			

Factoring payables represent amounts that have been collected on behalf of the factoring customers and which have not yet been deposited into the accounts of the related factoring customers.

12. FINANCE CREDITS

None. (December 31, 2014 – None.)

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AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

13. RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES FROM LEASING TRANSACTIONS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

14. OTHER RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES

a) Other Receivables

	Decemb	December 31, 2015		31, 2014
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Miscellaneous receivables	1.832.088		1.626.430	
BSMV from customers	1.268.727		1.204.261	
Other	563.361		422.169	·
				-
	1.832.088	DE	1.626.430	E 13

b) Other Payables

	Decemb	per 31, 2015	December	31, 2014
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Miscellaneous debts	5.559.242		284.226	-
Payables to sellers	5.557.371	***	283.637	80.00
Due to related parties (Not 42.2)	5.478.126		246.225	
Debts to other parties	79.245	-	37.412	***
Due to personnel	1.871		<i>5</i> 89	
	5.559.242	es	284.226	5.00

14. NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES

As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the details of the non-performing factoring receivables and provision of the Company are as follows:

· 特别的 · 特别的 · 特别的 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014		
	TRY Other	TRY Other		
Non-performing receivables	14.560.403	5.581.339		
Special provisions (-)	(8.629.410)	(2.153.402)		
Non-performing receivables, net	5.930.993	3.427.937		



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

15. NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES - cont'd

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 20	
	Total non- performing factoring receivables	Provision	Total non- performing factoring receivables	Provision
Overdue within 1-3 months	811.912	(40.595)		8100
Overdue within 3-6 months	216.615	(43.815)	4.290.166	(939.433)
Overdue within 6-12 months	9.973.752	(4.986.876)	432.618	(355.414)
Overdue within 1 years and more	3.558.124	(3.558.124)	858.555	(858.555)
	14.560.403	(8.629.410)	5.581.339	(2.153.402)

The movement of provision for factoring receivables as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 is as follows:

		** **		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Opening balance, January 01				(2.153.402)	(512.500)
Expenses for the period (Note 39)		4 1	4	(7.829.157)	(1.706.337)
Transferred receivables (*)				1.268.860	
Cancelled provisions (Note 38)	en general de la companya de la comp			84.289	65.435
Closing balance	:			(8.629.410)	(2.153.402)

^(*) The Company has transferred its factoring receivables to "Final Varlık Yönetim A.Ş." which were booked as provision totally before and has no possibility to collect.

16. DERIVATIVE AND FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

17. INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY (Net)

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

18. SUBSIDIARIES (Net)

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

19. JOINT VENTURES (Net)

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

20. AFFILIATES (Net)

None. (December 31, 2014 – None.)

ULUSLARARUM BAĞMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMINLİ MALİ MÜŞAVIRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

21. TANGIBLES (Net)

Movements of property, plant and equipment for the period 01 January - 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

O a a h		Furniture
Cost January 01, 2014	5	ind fixtures 279.701
January 01, 2014		2/9./01
Additions Disposals (-)		12.092 (590)
December 31, 2014		291.203
Additions Disposals (-)		542.087
December 31, 2015		833.290
December 31, 2013		033,230
Accumulated depreciation		
January 01, 2014		83.411
Depreciation expense Disposals (-)		63.944 (214)
December 31, 2014		147.141
Depreciation expense Disposals (-)		148.145
December 31, 2015		295.286
Net registered value		
January 01, 2014		196.290
December 31, 2014		144.062
December 31, 2015		538.004

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

22. INTANGIBLES (Net)

Movements of intangibles for the period 01 January - 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

Cost	Rights
January 01, 2014	225.290
Additions	6.889
	0.003
Disposals (-)	eo 40
December 31, 2014	232.179
Additions	200
Disposals (-)	
December 31, 2015	232.179
Accumulated Depreciation	
January 01, 2014	76.302
Additions	57.162
Disposals (-)	24 ga
December 31, 2014	133.464
Additions	52.424
Disposals (-)	700 M2
December 31, 2015	185.888
는 마리를 받았다. 전 전환 이 전 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 	
Net registered value	
January 01, 2014	148.988
December 31, 2014	98.715
December 31, 2015	46.291

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

23. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

Prepaid expenses	Decemb	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other	
Prepaid interest expenses	1.888.579	ED-501	2.669.030	Me Na	
Other	331.782		271.491	w.u.	
·	2.220.361	52 52	2.940.521	. 04 25	
Deferred Income	Decemb	per 31, 2015	Decembe	er 31, 2014	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other	
Commission income collected for cash	258.297	•	233.873		
	258.297	e u	233.873		

24. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Corporate tax

In Turkey, the corporation tax rate of the fiscal year 2015 is 20% (31 December 2014: 20%). Corporation tax is payable at a rate of 20% on the total income of the Company after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, exempt income (exemption for participation in subsidiaries, exemption for investment incentive allowance etc.) and allowances (such as research and development expenditure allowances). No further tax is payable unless the profit is distributed.

The Law on the Amendment to the Tax Procedural Law, the Income Tax Law and the Corporate Tax Law No. 5024 published in the Official Gazette on 30 December 2003, income or corporation's taxpayers who determine their earnings on a balance sheet basis prepares their financial statements by adjusting the inflation since January 01, 2004. According to the law, for making inflation adjustment, the cumulative interest rate (DIE TEFE increase rate) of last 36 months exceeding %100 and last 12 months (DIE TEFE increase rate) exceeding %10. Inflation adjustment was not made for 2008, 2009 and 2010 as these conditions were not met.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey, or resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 15% (31 December 2014: 15%). An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Companies declare their advance tax returns at 20% (2014: 20%) on their quarterly financial profits and pay until the 14th day of the second month following that period and pay till the 17th day. The temporary tax paid during the year shall be deducted from the corporation tax that will be calculated on the tax declaration of the institutions that will be given in the following year. If the temporary tax amount paid remains in spite of the indictment, this amount can be refunded, or any other financial debt to the state can be deducted.

There are many exemptions in Corporate Tax Law regarding corporations. Those related to the Company are explained below:

Exemption for Domestic Participation Gains:

Dividend gains from shares in capital of another corporation subject to resident taxpaying (except dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment trusts shares) are exempt from corporate tax.

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(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

25. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - cont'd

b) Corporate tax - cont'd

Emission Premium Exemption

The issued shared that is from the foundation of incorporated company or increasing capital, emission premium gains from excess of nominal value are exemption from corporate tax.

Exemption for Foreign Affiliate Earnings

The Company that has no legal head office located in Turkey, participating in 10% or more of the corporation for at least one year continuously for a period of one year from the capital of a joint stock company or limited liability company, At least 15% (the main activity subject to financing or insurance companies, at least the rate of the corporate tax applied in Turkey), and the transfer of the taxes to the Turkey until the taxation declaration of the annual corporations related to the taxation period Subsidiary earnings are exempt from corporate tax.

Exemption from Sales Gains for Real Estate, Subsidiary Share, Subscription Right, Founder and Preemptive Bonds

75% portion of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and real property, which has remained in assets for more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. To be entitled to the exemption, the relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in the liabilities and it must not be withdrawn from the entity for a period of five years. The sales consideration has to be collected up until the end of the second calendar year following the year the sale was realized.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns within the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

Transfer Pricing

Article 13 of Corporation Tax Law numbered 5520 introduces new arrangements about the transfer pricing came into force as of 1 January 2007. Significant changes took place in the arrangements related to the transfer pricing following the respective article based on the transfer pricing guidance of EU and OECD. In this framework, the entities are required to use the prices or amounts to be determined according to the peers for the purpose of sales or service buy and sale transactions carried out with affiliated persons. The principle of suitability with the peers means that the price or amount to be used for the purpose of goods or service buy and sale carried out with the affiliated persons is suitable for the price or amount that would have arisen if there had been no relation between them. The entities will determine the prices or amounts suitable for the peers that will be applied for the purpose of transactions carried out with the affiliated persons by using the methods laid out in the respective law according to the nature of the transaction.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

24. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - cont'd

a) Corporate tax - cont'd

The details of current tax asset / (liability) as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Corporate tax	(4.790.605)	. 1994	(4.157.701)	-
Prepaid taxes and funds (-)	3.754.468		2.621.529	
Total tax assets / (liabilities), net	(1.036.137)		(1.536.172)	

b) Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded using substantially enacted tax rates for the effect of temporary differences between book and tax bases of assets and liabilities.

The rate to be applied to deferred tax assets and liabilities calculated using liability method over temporary differences in the prospective periods is 20% for the Company (2014 - 20%).

Movement of deferred tax details in the periods ended on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Cumulative temporary difference		Deferred tax	
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deferred tax assets:				
Provision for severance pay	(294.499)	(164.730)	58.900	32.946
Provision for unused annual leave	(69.442)	(38.426)	13.888	7.685
Total deferred tax assets	(363.941)	(203.156)	72.788	40.631
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Intangible and intangibles	2.630	91.480	(526)	(18.296)
Total deferred tax liabilities	2.630	91.480	(526)	(18.296)
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	1990	\$ 2 2 2 2	1.50.4.	
Deferred tax assets, net	(361.311)	(111.676)	72.262	22.335



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

24. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - cont'd

b) Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities - cont'd

Movement of tax assets / (liabilities)	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Opening balance, January 01	22.335	6.148
Deferred tax income / (expense)	49.927	16.187
Closing balance	72.262	22.335

c) Provision for operating tax

The tax provision in the profit and loss statements is summarized below:

				January, 01 – December 31, 2014
	tax income / (expense), net ncome / (expense), net		(4.790.605) 49.927	(4.157.701) 16.187
Deterred tax ii	icome / (expense), net		45.521	10.107
			(4.740.678)	(4.141.514)

d) Taxes and Liabilities to be paid

Decembe	er 31, 2015	Decembe	er 31, 2014
TRY	Other	TRY	Other
	1.		
100.104	-	87.889	
398.454	***	381.830	340.00
2.800		2.514	
95.553	•	87.673	
596.911	2 8	559.906	. 2012
	TRY 100.104 398.454 2.800 95.553	TRY Other 100.104 398.454 2.800 95.553	TRY Other TRY 100.104 87.889 398.454 381.830 2.800 2.514 95.553 87.673

25. OTHER ASSETS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

26. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET) AND PAYABLES

a) Assets held for sale

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

b) Discontinued operations

None. (December 31, 2014 – None.)

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(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

27. BANK LOANS

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 201	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Bank loans	223.440.613	at to	191.362.902	
Funds provided from factoring companies	46.645.775	wa	58.606.611	
Loans from abroad	5.000.000		14.000.000	
Interest accrual	5.837.434	en en	5.344.177	tal con
	280.923.822	Ø to	269.313.690	S 6

28. ISSUED BONDS AND SECURITIES (Net)

			Decemb	er 31, 2015	December	31, 2014
			TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Issued securities Bonds			60.000.000 60.000.000		53.000.000	
Securities				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	53.000.000	. ,
Interest of securities	es/bonds issued		***	****	1.499.856	****
Bonds Securities				50-52 NO 56	 1.499.856	
			60.000.000	29	54.499.856	96

As of December 31, 2015

As of September 30, 2015 the Company has issued bonds that is amount of TRY 60.000.000 with a maturity of 1 year. Bonds issued through Tacirler Yatırım Menkul Değerler Anonim Şirketi. The first interest coupon payment was made on 31 December 2015 and the other coupon payments will be made on 31 March 2016, 30 June 2016 and 29 September 2016. The principal payment will be made with the last coupon payment.

The Company has obtained permission from the Capital Markets Board for the issuance of debt instruments amounting to TRY 40.000.000 as of November 5, 2015 but has not issued any borrowing instrument related to this permission as of the report date.

As of December 31, 2014

On October 01, 2014 the Company has issued bonds that is amount of TRY 38.000.000 with a maturity of 1 year to be sold to qualified investors. Bonds issued through Tacirler Yatırım Menkul Değerler Anonim Şirketi.

The company has issued bonds to be sold to qualified investors on February 19, 2013 with a maturity of 2 years and payments in every 3 months, totally amount to TRY – 15.000.000. Bonds issued through Tacirler Yatırım Menkul Değerler Anonim Şirketi.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

29. OTHER LIABILITIES

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

30. PAYABLES AND EXPENSE PROVISION

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Provision for severance pay	294.499		164.730	
Provision for unused annual leave	69.442		38.426	
	363.941	****	203.156	. 25

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Provision for severance pay

In accordance with the provisions of the current Labour Code, there is a liability to pay severance pay to employees if the contract is terminated in the way to entitled to take severance pay. Furthermore, in accordance with the Social Insurance Law No: 506 dated March 6, 1981, numbered 2422 and dated August 25, 1999, numbered 4447 and amended article 60 of the current Social Insurance Law, there is liability to pay severance pay to the employees who have right to leave job by taking severance pay.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TRY-3.828,37 for each year of service as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 3.438,22TL).

Retirement pay liability is not subject to any kind of funding legally. Provision for retirement pay liability is calculated by estimating the present value of probable liability amount arising due to retirement of employees. TAS 19 Employee Benefits stipulates the development of company's liabilities by using actuarial valuation methods under defined benefit plans. In this direction, actuarial assumptions used in calculation of total liabilities are described as follows:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 31 December 2015, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated with the assumption of %2,99(2014: %2,36) real discount calculated by using %7,00 (2014: %6,10) annual inflation rate and %10,30 (2014: %8,60) discount rate.

Movement of severance pay	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
January 01	164.730	43.040
Service cost	129.769	121.690
Closing balance	294.499	164.730



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

31. LOANS SIMILAR WITH CAPITAL

None. (December 31, 2014: None.)

32. EQUITY

32.1. Paid in capital and capital reserves

The paid in capital of the Company is TRY 25.500.000 that is consisted of 25.500.000 shares that each share is amount to TRY 1. (December 31, 2014: TRY 8.500.000 / 8.500.000 issued share.)

The own and rates of the shares are as follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 2015	December	31, 2015
		Amount	%	Amount	%
Altın Has Holding A.Ş.		% 100,00	25.499.625	% 100,00	8.499.875
İnan Altınbaş		> 1	. 75	> 1	25
Hüseyin Altınbaş		> 1	75	> 1	25
Abdülhamit Yurt		> 1	75	> 1	25
Atilla Keskin		> 1	75	> 1.	25
Vedat Bayat		> 1	75	> 1	25
		% 100,00	25.500.000	% 100,00	8.500.000

There are no privileges granted to shares.

32.2. Capital reserves

None. (December 31, 2014 – None.)

32.3.a Other comprehensive income and expenses that will not be classified in profit or loss statement.

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

32.3.b Other comprehensive income and expenses that will be classified in profit or loss statement.

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

32.4. Profit reserves

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2015	
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Legal reserves	1.633.551	 -	699.138	10-10
Extraordinary reserves	5.735.217	de to	8.705.188	ere det
	7.368.768	8 0 7	9.404.326	WE



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

32. EQUITY - cont'd

32.5. Retained Earnings

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

32.6. Minority Interests

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

33. FACTORING INCOME

		,		January 01 - nber 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Interest income Fee and commission income				84.912.541 1.495.599	63.000.020 633.567
*.			·	86.408.140	63.633.587

34. FINANCE LOAN INCOME

None. (January 01-December 31, 2014 - None.)

35. LEASING INCOME

None. (January 01-December 31, 2014 – None.)

36. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Interest paid to the loans used (Domestic)	(36.965.113)	(27.759.416)
Interest paid to the loans used (Abroad)	(989.067)	(1.816.691)
Interest expense on issued securities	(6.100.350)	(3.410.791)
Fees and commission expenses	(3.163.679)	(2.117.702)
	(47.218.209)	(35.104.600)

ARTIBEĞER ULUSLARARASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMINLI MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONIM ŞIRKETİ

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

	January 01 -	January 01 -
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Personnel expenses	(5.358.427)	(4.401.108)
Provision for severance pay	(159.552)	(121.690)
General operating expenses	(2.439.819)	(1.937.650)
Office rent and dues	(469.900)	(431.508)
Taxes and fees	(366.441)	(351.119)
Vehicle rental expenses	(360.180)	(308.152)
Office expenses	(289.254)	(214.442)
Communication expenses	(75.686)	(60.154)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	(200.569)	(121.106)
Fuel expenses	(110.201)	(113.143)
Consultancy expenses	(165.765)	(101.636)
Bank transaction costs	(245.320)	(129.601)
Transportation expenses	(56.004)	(44.344)
Stationery expenses	(30.880)	(26.346)
Travel expenses	(25.319)	(17.163)
Repair and maintenance expenses	(2.562)	(931)
Subscription fees	(880)	(1.335)

38. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Legal cases expenses

Other expenses (Unused annual leave)

Other

	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Foreign exchange profits	7.009.300	1.802.890
Interest income from banks	13	2.620
No longer required provision for factoring receivables (Note 15)	84.289	65.435
Other interest income	100.982	806.252
Interest income from issued securities	100.982	806.252
Other income except interest	4.625	93
Other	4.625	93
	7.199.209	2.677.290



(27.380)

(13.478)

(35.099)

(7.992.897)

(2.624)

(14.046)

(24.192)

(6.484.640)

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

39. PROVISION FOR NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES

	January 01 December 31, 201	- January 01 - 15 December 31, 2014
Special provision for non-performing receivables expenses (Note: 15)	(7.829.15	7) (1.706.337)
	(7.829.15	7) (1.706.337)
40. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
	January 01 December 31, 201	January 01 - 5 December 31, 2014
Foreign Exchange losses	(6.785.92	3) (2.379.344)
	(6.785.92	3) (2.379.344)
41. EARNINGS PER SHARE	January 01 December 31, 201	- January 01 - 5 December 31, 2014
Total issued shares at the beginning of the period Issued bonus shares	8.500.00 17.000.00	
Total issued shares at the end of the period	25.500.00	0 8.500.000
Total issued weighted average shares	18.728.02	2 8.500.000
Net profit / (loss) (TRY)	19.040.48	5 16.494.442
Earnings per share (%)	101,67	% 194,05 %

There is no privilege to participate in the profit of the company.

42. DISCLOSURE OF RELATED PARTY

42.1. Receivables from related parties

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

Earnings per share (TRY)

ULUSLARARASI BAĞIMSIZ DENFTİM VE YEMINLI MALI MÜŞAVIRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

1,02 TL

1,94 TL

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

42. DISCLOSURE OF RELATED PARTY - cont'd

42.2. Due to related parties

Due to related parties (Note -14)	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Due to group companies	5.478.126	246.225
Altınhas Holding A.Ş.(Other)	5.150.000	
Altınhas Holding A.Ş. (Trade)	328.126	246.225
Total	5.478.126	246.225

42.3. Guarantee, pledges, mortgages from related parties

Pledge		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	*-		-
- TRY		436.750.000	298.750.000
- EURO		4.000.000	4.000,000
- USD\$		25.000.000	25.000.000

42.4. Payments to related parties(Expenses)

	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Altınhas Holding A.Ş.	4.197.105	3.157.431
Office rent and building	463.629	431.508
IT expenses	35.502	
Pledge commission	2.416.549	2.043.097
Vehicle rent and fuel expenses	368.796	421.294
Miscellaneous expenses	19.385	40.440
Interest expenses	893.243	221.092
Altınbaş Holding A.Ş.	5.0	46.367
Private health insurance		46.367
	4.197.105	3.203.798

42.5 Income from related parties

	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Final Varlık Yönetim A.Ş. (Note 15)	5.000	
Total	5.000	55 05

Income is resulted from the receivables that is transferred by the company. (Note -15)

ARTY BEĞER ULUSLARATASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE YEMİNLİ MAÜL MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

42. DISCLOSURE OF RELATED PARTY - cont'd

42.6 Fees and Similar Benefits Paid to Senior Managers

	January 01 - December 31, 2015	January 01 - December 31, 2014
Fees and similar benefits	560.000	408.000
	560.000	408.000

43. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

43.1. Off Balance Sheet Commitments

a) Guarantees Taken

As of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the guarantees received against the Company's factoring receivables are as follows:

		December	31, 2015	December	31, 2015
		TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Guarantee checks from custome	ers	1.474.974.905	7.590.135	888.080.639	1.333.971
Guarantee notes taken from cus	stomers	137.000	19.243.857	137.000	21.269.077
Customer mortgages		124.500.000		60.000.000	
Customer pledges		3.500.000		**************************************	
		1.603.111.905	26.833.992	948.217.639	22.603.048

b) Guarantees, pledges and mortgages given (GPM)

	December 31	l, 2015	December 3	31, 2015
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Letter of guarantee given	1.651.632		217.792	M 80
			1.501	
	1.651.632	日章	217.792	20 0

43.2. Securities

As of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the assets held by the Company as factoring receivables are as follows;

·	December	31, 2015	December	31, 2015
	TRY	Other	TRY	Other
Customer cheques	320.527.761	36.325.536	296.087.800	20.785.420
Customer notes	31.379.274	11.399.130	37.115.051	6.215.236
	351.907.035	47.724.666	333.202.851	27.000.656

ULUSLARARYA BAZIMSIZ DENFTIM YE YEMINLI MAL MÜŞAVİRLİK ANONİM ŞİRKET

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AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

43. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - cont'd

43.3. Ongoing Lawsuits

As of December 31, 2015:

The Company has started legal follow-up for TRY 8.629.410 of total TRY 14.560.403.

In the accompanying financial statements, the necessary provisions are made with respect to the ongoing lawsuits filed by the Company.

As of December 31, 2014:

The Company has started legal follow-up for TRY 2.153.402 of total TRY 5.581.339.

In the accompanying financial statements, the necessary provisions are made with respect to the ongoing lawsuits filed by the Company.

44. COMMITMENTS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None.)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risk Management Objectives and Principles

The significant financial instruments of Company are receivables from factoring operating, bank loans, bonds payables and financial payables that includes funds which was used by related parties. The main aim of these financial instruments is to operate the main activity and provide the funding source. The most important risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, exchange risk and credit risk.

The Company follows the related risks summarized below and developing policies mentioned below for those risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss in terms of financial because of not meeting the obligation of financial instrument by the other side. The Company tries to manage the credit risk by limiting transactions and constantly valuating the reliability of the parties to whom it relates. According to company procedures, all customers who want to work with credits are passed through loan review stages and necessary guarantees are taken. In addition, the receivables are continuously monitored and the Company's suspicious credit / receivable risk is minimized.

The carrying values in the statement of financial position reflect the Company's maximum credit risk.



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Credit Risk - cont'd

orders of the designation of the contract of t				Receivables	ables					
December 34 2045	Trade rec	Trade receivables	Doubtful r	Doubtful receivables		Financial loans	Other receivables	eivables	4	Held assets
7, 2013	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	Related	Other	Banks	natuří
Maximum credit risk to which the company exposed as of the date of reporting (A+B+C+D+E)	B E	390.312.358	8	5.930.993	P O	B 11	8 0	1.832.088	395.740	8
- Part of maximum risk that is secured with guarantee	and the second	128.000.000	P of the state of	G B	4	i i		es es		A M A
A. Net book values of financial assets which are not overdue or exposed to decrease in value	1	390.312.358		I	-	***		1.832.088	395.740	C.
B. Book values of financial assets of which conditions are renegotiated otherwise exposed to overdue or decrease in value		l	1.	I		-		9 1	I	
C. Net book values of assets of which are overdue but not have decreased values	3 8	E B	i i	5.930.993		a in		i i		1
- Overdue (Gross book value) - Impairment (-)	t e	100	9-12	14.560.403	la est		100	8. 8		
- Net value of maximum risk that is secured with guarantee	day of	* 0	l.	1	1		•	II.	10	
- Not overdue (Gross book value)		The state of the s		40 10	en en	i i i	***************************************	de se	es es	Parts
D. Off-balance sheet risk	***	re t		ar 0		-		ALE NAME	5 2 5	

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AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Credit Risk - cont'd

			-	Receivables	ables	***************************************				Held assets										
	Trade rec	Trade receivables	Doubtful re	Doubtful receivables	Financial loans	loans	Trade re	Trade receivables	00 2 2 5	untii to										
December 31, 2014	Related party	Other	Related	Related party	Other	Related party	Related party	Other	Doubtful receivables Related party	maturity Financial loans Related										
Maximum credit risk to which the company exposed as of the date of reporting (A+B+C+D+E)	8	346,553,270	5 0	3.427.937	2 5	G H	8	1.626.430	557.080											
- Part of maximum risk that is secured with guarantee		60.000.000	8 8		2		Dispersion of the control of the con	4		An and										
A. Net book values of financial assets which are not overdue or exposed to decrease in value		346.553.270	1	8 8	G and			1.626.430	557.080	1										
B. Book values of financial assets of which conditions are renegotiated otherwise exposed to overdue or decrease in value	•	l	. 1		!			1	8											
C. Net book values of assets of which are overdue but not have decreased values	he was	1	1	3.427.937	1	a de la companya de l			and a	8										
- Overdue (Gross book value)	ve en	***	20	5.581.339	ŀ			444	### I	ee ta										
- Impairment (-)	Te es	1	9.0	(2.153.402)			914	deres	****	14.12										
-Not overdue (Gross book value)	****	EI 40				***	1	COTO:	en men en	D. Off-balance sheet risk	is the	and the second s		89.60	3.5		2.85	***	***	1



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that a company cannot meet its funding needs. Liquidity risk is reduced by balancing cash inflows and outflows with the support of credits given by reliable lenders.

The details of financial assets and liabilities according to their maturity is presented considering the period of the financial statement to the maturity date.

The maturity details of non-derivative financial liabilities as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 is as follows:

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Liquidity Risk - cont'd

The maturity details of non-derivative financial liabilities as of 31 December 2015 is as follows:

Maturity according to contracts	Book Value	Cash outflow according to agreement (=I+II+III+IV)	ash outflow coording to agreement Up to 3 months = + + + +	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	5 years and more (IV)
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	341.626.081	341.626.081	178.541.081	163.085.000	69-12	8
Loans	280.923.822	280.923.822	177.838.822	103.085,000	*****	*****
Factoring payables	702.259	702.259	702.259	grava	ares.	***************************************
Issued securities	000.000.09	60.000.000	10.00	60.000.000	and the same of th	I

	-	Cash outflow				
		according to				5 years and
	-	agreement	Up to 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Vears	more
Expected Maturity	Book Value	> + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			and and and and and and and and and and	2
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	5,559,242	5.559.242		5.559.242	RE	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
Other payables	5.559.242	5.559.242	1	5.559.242		



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Liquidity Risk - cont'd

The maturity details of non-derivative financial liabilities as of 31 December 2014 is as follows:

		Cash outflow				
Maturity according to contracts		according to				5 years and
		agreement	Up to 3 months	3-12 months	1.5 Vears	more
	Book Value					2
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	324.078.869	324.078.869	165.974.869	131,296,000	26.808.000	69
Loans	269.313.690	269.313.690	149 209 690	000 893 59	000 808 9C	
				000000000000000000000000000000000000000	20,000,00	
Factoring payables	265.323	265.323	265,323	I	l	on ear
Sellinides lealistices	54 400 858	EA A00 9EE	18 400 066	000 000 00		delitability i dage www.mapaces.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.
005 5000	04.433.030	000.001.10	10.433.000	30.000.000	1	1

		Cash outflow				
		according to				5 years and
		agreement	Up to 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Vears	more
Expected Maturity	Book Value	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		process broads broads	- Constitution of the Cons	2
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	284.226		284,226	De .	88	88
Other payables	284.226		284,226			8



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk of affect the Company negatively depending the changes in interest, foreign exchange rates, and other financial contracts. The main risk for the Company is the changes in interest and foreign exchange rate.

a) Foreign Exchange Position and Sensitivity Analysis

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk because of the exchange rate using in translation of assets and liabilities to local currency. Company analysis the foreign exchange risk with foreign currency

	December 31,	2015 December 31, 2014
Assets in foreign currency (*)	36.77	0.422 16.849.312
Liabilities in foreign currency (-) (**)	(35.614	(16.322.738)
Net foreign currency position	1.15	5.602 526.574

^(*) Total of indexed to foreign currency and foreign currency factoring receivables

(**) Indexed to foreign currency bank loans

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

a) Foreign Exchange Position and Sensitivity Analysis - cont'd

Foreign Exchan	ge Position			
December 3	1, 2015			
	TRY Equivalent (Reporting			
	Currency)	USD	EUR	GBP
1. Factoring Receivables	36.767.560	4.311.365	2.984.928	3.428.960
2a. Monetary Financial Assets (including cash, banks)	2.862	1	900	
2b. Non-monetary financial assets			75 to	20-02
3. Other				
4.CurrentAssets (1+2+3)	36.770.422	4.311.366	2.985.828	3.428.960
5. Factoring Receivables				
6a. Monetaryfinancial assets	- Mary sta			
6b. Non-monetaryfinancial assets			. 100 100	
7.Other			.=-	
8.Non-CurrentAssets (5+6+7)	20	ă e	ion est	68
9.Total Assets (4+8)	36.770.422	4.311.366	2.985.828	3.428.960
10. Factoring Payables	240			14,14.
11.Financial Liabilities	35.614.820	4.214.057	2.711.197	3.428.960
12a.Othermonetaryfinancialliabilities	37.22			7 - 7 - 7 - 7
12b.Other non-monetary financial liabilities	1 1 1 1 1 1			
13.CurrentLiabilities (10+11+12)	35.614.820	4.214.057	2.711.197	3.428.960
14. Factoring Payables	2 11 11 11 11 11			
15.Financial Liabilities			-	AN SAN
16a.Othermonetaryfinancialliabilities				
16b.Other non-monetary financial liabilities				\$ \$
17. Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)				
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	35.614.820	4.214.057	2.711.197	3.428.960
19. Net asset / liability position of off- balance sheet derivative instruments	0.3	#3 5	en.	2000
19a. Hedged amount of assets		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1,
19b. Hedged amount of liabilities position	***********			
20. Net foreign currency position asset / liabilities (9-18+19)	1.155.602	97.309	274.631	ne.
21. Net foreign currency asset/liability position of monetary items	1.155.602	97.309	274.631	20 K
22. Fair value of derivative instruments used in foreign currency hedge	140 250	an (3	20 QC	SSA BUT
23. Hedged of foreign currency assets	2142	20		20
24. Hedged of foreign currency liabilities	ne i	pd ses	44	25
25. Export	w 00	8.0	89	pq
26. Import	98	E 05	65 193	RB



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Risk Management Objectives and Principles - cont'd

a) Foreign Exchange Position and Sensitivity Analysis - cont'd

Foreign Exchan				
December 3				
	TRY Equivalent (Reporting			
	Currency)	USD	EUR	GBP
1. Factoring Receivables	16.849.312	3.481.182	3.111.568	
2a. Monetary Financial Assets (including cash, banks)				
2b. Non-monetary financial assets			w.au	
3. Other				and cox
4.CurrentAssets (1+2+3)	16.849.312	3.481.182	3.111.568	. 22
5. Factoring Receivables				·
6a. Monetaryfinancial assets		~~		G-100
6b. Non-monetaryfinancial assets				
7.Other		·		
8.Non-CurrentAssets (5+6+7)	m di	88	wa .	. 08
9.Total Assets (4+8)	16.849.312	3.481.182	3.111.568	
10. Factoring Payables		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
11. Financial Liabilities	16.322.738	3.389.492	3.000.264	
12a.Othermonetaryfinancialliabilities				
12b.Other non-monetary financial liabilities		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 13.43.41	
13.CurrentLiabilities (10+11+12)	16.322.738	3.389.492	3.000.264	
14. Factoring Payables				
15.Financial Liabilities				
16a.Othermonetaryfinancialliabilities	6040			
16b.Other non-monetary financial liabilities		***		
17. Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	**	**	20	mes
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	16.322.738	3.389.492	3.000.264	
19. Net asset / liability position of off- balance sheet derivative instruments		gra	1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	Resid
19a. Hedged amount of assets				
19b. Hedged amount of liabilities position	1.11.44			
20. Net foreign currency position asset / liabilities (9-18+19)	526.574	91.690	111.304	
21. Net foreign currency asset/liability position of monetary items	526.574	91.690	111.304	8.5
22. Fair value of derivative instruments used in foreign currency hedge	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	en ox	pide	解談
23. Hedged of foreign currency assets		20		1313
24. Hedged of foreign currency liabilities	0.0	8.0	04	20
25. Export		88	20	es
26. Import	046	a a	62	see



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis

Foreign Currency Risk:

Company uses the foreign exchange position to dedicate the foreign currency risk. According to the foreign exchange position, Company measures foreign currency risk periodically that will arise from changes in the foreign exchange rate.

Foreign currency risk is being controlled by balancing the assets and liabilities in the foreign currency. In this context, foreign exchange position is estimated by considering the changes in assets and liabilities in the foreign currency in the next interim financial period. After estimating the foreign exchange position, Company determines the derivative product and the volume of the derivate product that may be used according to the conditions of the market and expectations. If the exchange currency position is open, Company is buyer of foreign currency. If the exchange currency position is close, Company is seller of foreign currency and apply to derivative transactions.

The Company's foreign currency risk-sensitive financial assets are cash in foreign currency (cash, deposits in the bank), factoring receivables in foreign currencies and other receivables in foreign currencies and current assets. The Company's foreign currency risk-sensitive financial liabilities are trade payables and bank loans that is indexed to bank loans.

			December	31, 2015	December	31, 2014
			At balance sheet date	At the report date	At balance sheet date	At the report date
USD\$			2,9076	2,9348	2,3189	2,5077
EURO €			3,1776	3,2714	2,8207	2,8148
GBP	•		4,3007	4,2527	3,5961	3,8596

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis-cont'd

As of balance sheet date, the effect of changes in foreign exchange rate to foreign currency position:

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis	vity Analys	S			
December 31, 2015	015	der die gewessenzeigen enzelende der der der der der der der der der d	der der der der der der der der der der	directions are required to the state of the	
		Profit/Loss	Loss	ם	Equity
		Appreciation	Depreciation	Appreciation	Depreciation
		of foreign	of foreign	of foreign	of foreign
	•	currency	currency	currency	currency
In case of appreciation / depreciation of USD against TRY at 10%					
1- USD net asset/liabilities		28.294	(28.294)	HE GO	•
2- Part of hedged (-)		00.001		B E	des de la company des
3- USD net effect (1+2)		28.294	(28.294)	8 1	E 8
In case of appreciation / depreciation of EUR against TRY at 10%					
4- EUR net asset/liabilities		87.267	(87.267)	3 5	AAA
5- Part of hedged (-)		8 0		1970	1914
6- EUR USD net effect (4+5)		87.267	(87.267)	20	er de la companya de la companya de
In case of appreciation / depreciation of GBP against TRY at 10%					
7- GBP net asset/liabilities			33.00	***	
8- Part of hedged (-)		***		£ £	energi en
9- Other net effect (7+8)		#5	33	8 8	28 25
TOTAL (3+6+9)		115,560	(115.560)	PE	
				2	



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis-cont'd

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis	ivity Ana	Vsis	errorrenormen inmanamente apraça homelina accommenda apraça para	and the second s	
December 31, 2014	2014				
		Profit/Loss	Loss	Equity	uity
		Appreciation	Depreciation	Appreciation	Depreciation
		of foreign	of foreign	of foreign	of foreign
		currency	currency	currency	currency
In case of appreciation / depreciation of USD against TRY at 10%					
1-USD net asset/liabilities		21.262	(21.262)		
2- Part of hedged (-)	The state of the s	15348	breat	Si de	Legi
3- USD net effect (1+2)		21.262	(21.262)	8.5	88
In case of appreciation / depreciation of EUR against TRY at 10%					
4- EUR net asset/liabilities		31.395	(31.395)	*	***************************************
5- Part of hedged (-)				lar es	
6- EUR USD net effect (4+5)		31,395	(31.395)	8	8.5
In case of appreciation / depreciation of GBP against TRY at 10%					
7- GBP net asset/liabilities			AC	***	1541
8- Part of hedged (-)			And the second s	teras	
9- Other net effect (7+8)		17 12	C D	S II	30 E
TOTAL (3+6+9)		52.657	(52.657)	E 13	80



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

a) Interest Rate Position and Sensitivity Analysis

Interest Rate Position:

The Company's sensitive financial assets are factoring receivables and sensitive financial liabilities are bank loans, issued securities and payables to related parties.

The Company manages payments and receivables with similar maturities, so they project to balance interest increase and decrease.

Weighted average interest rates applied to sensitive assets and liabilities of the Company are as follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 2015			Decembe	er 31, 2015	
%	TRY	USD\$	EUR	GBP	TRY	USD\$	EUR	GBP
			٠.	······································				
Assets	*							
Bank deposits		10 W.					No. US	ADE 494
Financial assets held for trading					13,06		:	
Factoring receivables	22,01	12,05	11,65	12,00	21,02	13,73	12,74	20.00
						1		
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Loans	13,63	4,20	3,65	5,50	11,66	4,49	4,23	
Factoring payables				***	W-95		***	
Issued securities	15,67				13,06	 ,		

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

45. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - cont'd

a) Interest Rate Position and Sensitivity Analysis

The interest position of the Company is as follows:

Interest Position		
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Fixed interest financial instruments	153.116.019	135.823.728
Factoring receivables	390.312.358	346.553.270
Loans (-)	(236.494.080)	(210.464.219)
Factoring payables (-)	(702.259)	(265.323)
Variable rate financial instruments	(104.429.742)	(107.430.957)
Financial assets for trading	mr tou	5.918.370
Loans (-)	(44.429.742)	(58.849.471)
Issued securities (-)	(60.000.000)	(54.499.856)

If interest rate increase/ (decrease) by 1 point, it will increase/(decrease) the net profit that is in the accompanying income statement which is amount to TRY 1.044.297 (December 31, 2014: 1.074.310)

Capital Risk Management Policies and Procedures

In capital management, the Company aims at enhancing profitability while keeping a reasonable leverage, on the other hand rendering sustainability in its operations.

The Company follows capital by using debt to equity ratio. This rate is found by dividing net debt to total equity. Net debt is calculated by deducting cash and cash equivalents from total payable amount (as shown in balance sheet, trade and other payables and loans).

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total payables <u>Less:</u>	349.440.609	326.896.202
Cash and cash equivalents Banks	(1.765) (395.740)	(6.250) (557.080)
Net debt	349.043.104	326.332.872
Total equity Debt/Equity Ratio	51.909.253 % 14,87	34.398.768 % 10,54

The primary purpose of the Board of Company is to maximize the shareholder value and maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios. The company manages and corrects capital structure according to the changes in economic conditions. As of December 31, 2015 there is not any change in purpose, politics or process. (December 31, 2014 – None.)



AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Liras (TRY unless otherwise stated)

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES AND HEDGE ACCOUNTING DISCLOSURES)

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments by using available market information and appropriate valuation methods however, evaluating market information and estimating fair values requires interpretation and judgment. Consequently, the estimates presented may not necessarily indicative the amounts the of the Company could obtain in the market. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments

Financial Assets— Monetary items in foreign currency are exchanged by using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date because they approximate their fair values. Financial assets are deemed to approximate their carrying values because having short-term maturity, making provision for possible loss according to the economic and sectoral conditions.

Financial Liabilities -- Monetary items in foreign currency are exchanged by using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date because they approximate their fair values. Financial assets and other liabilities are deemed to approximate their carrying values because having short-term maturity.

47. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None)

48. OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY HAVE A MATERIAL EFFECT ON, OR PREVENT THE CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None. (December 31, 2014 - None)

